





Symposium on

Interoperability and Data Spaces

Welcome

Agenda morning session



Welcome

- Keynote to the vision of digitalisation, Alexander Markowetz
- Activities on the European Level, Stavros Stamatoukos, DG Energy
- Introduction of activities in the energy sector: CETPartnership, HE project int:net

Data Space development and interoperability in the different sectors

- Healthcare: Cross-border MyHealth@EU Services
- Agriculture: interoperability through standards
- Energy: Project EDDIE, Project ENERSHARE, Project OMEGA-X
- Transportation: Project DeployEMDS
- Public Services: X-Road® 8 "Spaceship"

Behind the scenes tour (IHE) Connectathon test floor

Interactive Session on practical views to interoperability testing







Keynote

Alexander Markowetz







Activities on the European Level

Stavros Stamatoukos, DG Energy







Introduction of activities in the energy sector CETPartnership

Angela Berger



CETPartnership and ERA Net Smart Energy Systems

European Collaboration Network for Interoperability Testing

State of the play



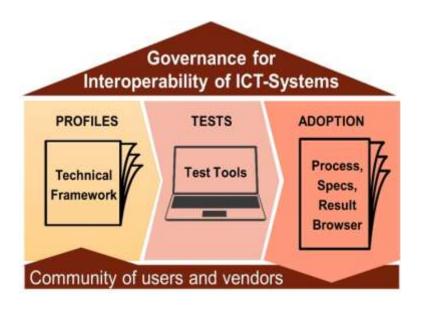
My personal journey to European interoperability



initiate contacts and cooperation with other sectors

entering the
European
level and
starting
European
activities

2023/2024

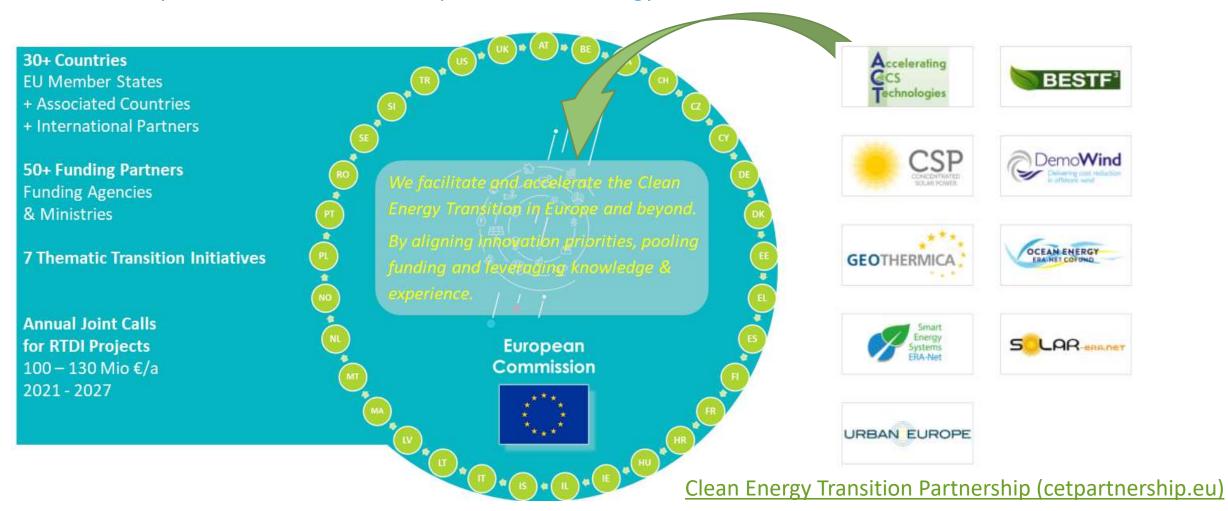


Three pillars process chain

The Clean Energy Transition Partnership



builds on 15 years of transnational cooperation in 9 energy ERA-Nets



The Collaboration Network as a joint activity for two target groups





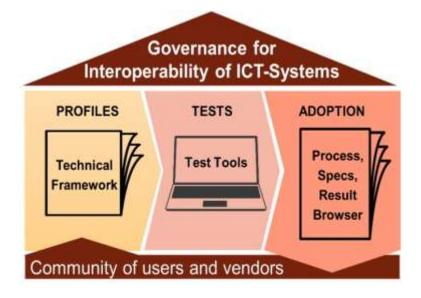












- connect to European organisations and activities and policy makers
- initiate cross-sector knowledge exchange
- organize European events

Call to action

Knowledge Transfer for accelerating digitalisation



The European Interoperability Framework (EIF)

- Governance
- methodology
- Focus on use cases,
- decentralisation
- automated testing
- Community,
- Data Models
- technical standards (identity, privacy, security)
- basic architecture, available code



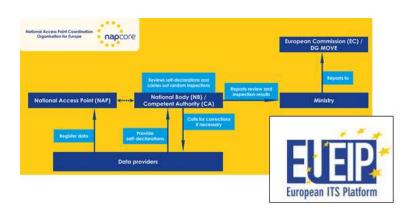


Source: European Commission









CETPartnership Call 2024 Call Module 01 Interoperability and Data Spaces





Find partners, register in B2Match



Objective:

This Call Module will fund a pilot of an IT framework consisting of software services, which will enable the interoperable connection of data spaces at multi-lateral and cross-sector level. The pilot implementation should build on existing data spaces and initiatives and draw inspiration from best practices in other areas, such as:

- concept of myHealth@EU / eHealth
- concepts like eHealth Digital Service Infrastructure (eHDSI) or Napcore
- CEF, CEF building blocks, Once only principle / Once Only Technical System
- Gaia-X, SIMPL, ...

Expected outcome:

- Demonstrate of multi-lateral data sharing by using existing building blocks
- show the potential benefits and added value of a large-scale IT framework
- Example for a use case: communication in the charging infrastructure for electric vehicles, which enables the provision/request of ancillary services to/from the electricity grid through data exchange and integration, thus enabling a cross-sector connection of energy and mobility

Information: Joint call 2024 | CETPartnership



"Interoperability needs the collaboration of a community"



Angela Berger

Clean Energy Transition Partnership, Integrated Regional Energy Systems Lead European Collaboration Network for Interoperability Testing

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P: +43 664 883 481 54







Introduction of activities in the energy sector HE Project int:net

Ludwig Karg



Tackling interoperability in the energy system

Ludwig Karg
B.A.U.M. Consult München / Berlin

Trieste, June 6, 2024

int:net – general information

Horizon Europe call HORIZON-CL5-2021-D3-01-03

Coordination & Support Action (CSA)

Duration: 36 months

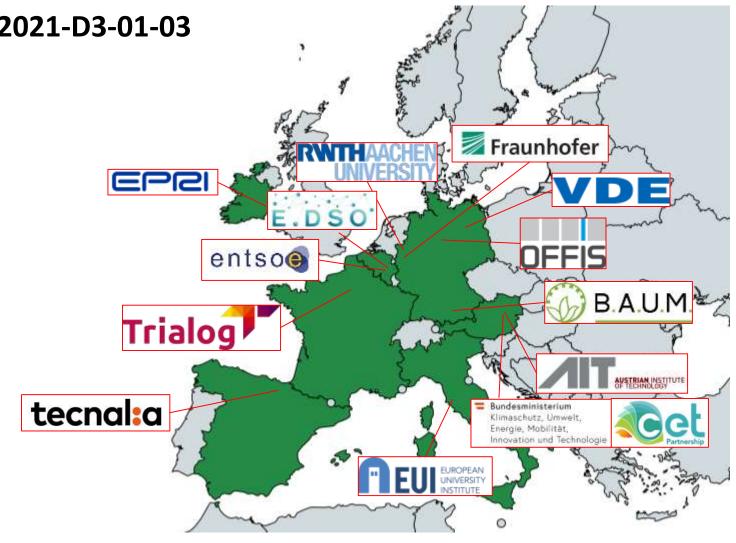
Runtime: 01.05.2022 – 30.04.2025

Consortium: 12 Partners

7 Countries

1 Associated Partner

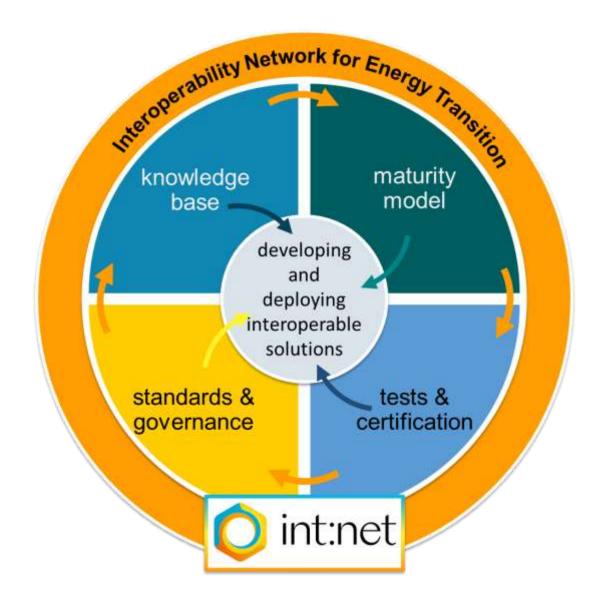
Budget: 5 M€





int:net objectives

- Consolidating a common knowledge base for interoperability activities on energy services in Europe
- Developing a comprehensive and accepted
 Interoperability Maturity Model (IMM)
- Deploying a framework for interoperability testing in a network of interoperability testing facilities
- Fostering a community network of standards and regulatory environment for a European interoperability ecosystem

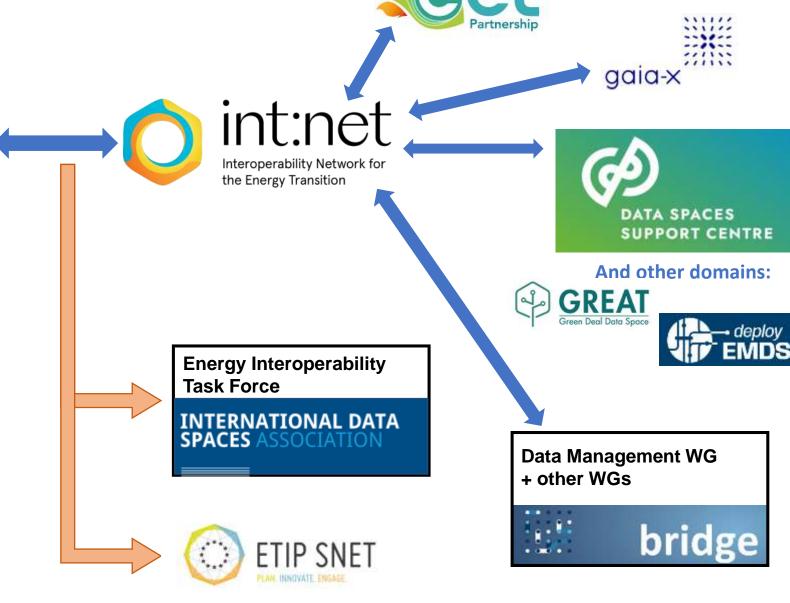




The Ecosystem

Energy Data Spaces Projects





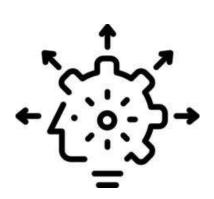


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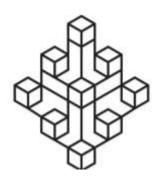
EMINENT (Evaluating the Maturity of INteroperability for the ENergy Transition)



Provide Tools to
Assess
Interoperability



Improve Capability



Improve Interoperability



Tracking
Interoperability
maturity



Provide Guidance and Support

EMINENT allows organizations to assess and improve their interoperability capabilities over time, ensuring that they can keep pace with the rapidly changing energy landscape.





Community of interoperability testing facilities

IOP layers

P Testing Challenges

	Tor tayers						
	technical	semantical	organizational	legal regulatory sandboxes GDPR			
Applications	open technology stacks	open interface standards	system-level functional testing user acceptance				
Testing Infrastructure	lab dataspace open standards for HIL / digital twins	open domain ontolgies	IOP testing community	labelling			
Procedures	IOP testing frameworks	common IOP profiles	IOP testing methodologies connecthatons	certification			

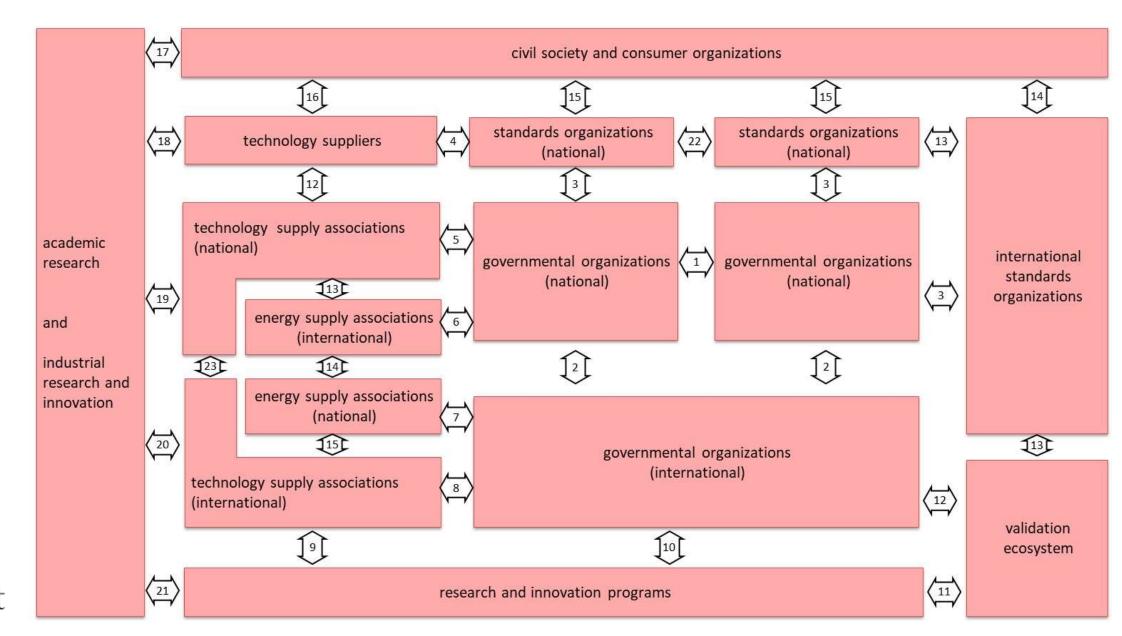
"WHAT needs to be covered by IOP testing?"

"WHICH testing infrastructure (physical/virtual) is required for IOP testing?"

"HOW should IOP testing be done?"



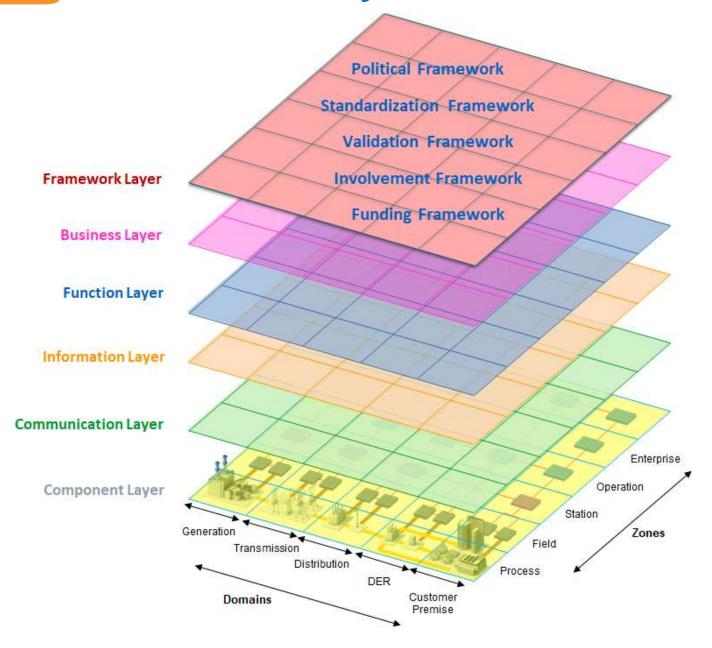
Stakeholder Map for Interoperability in Governance





A 6th SGAM layer: Frameworks?

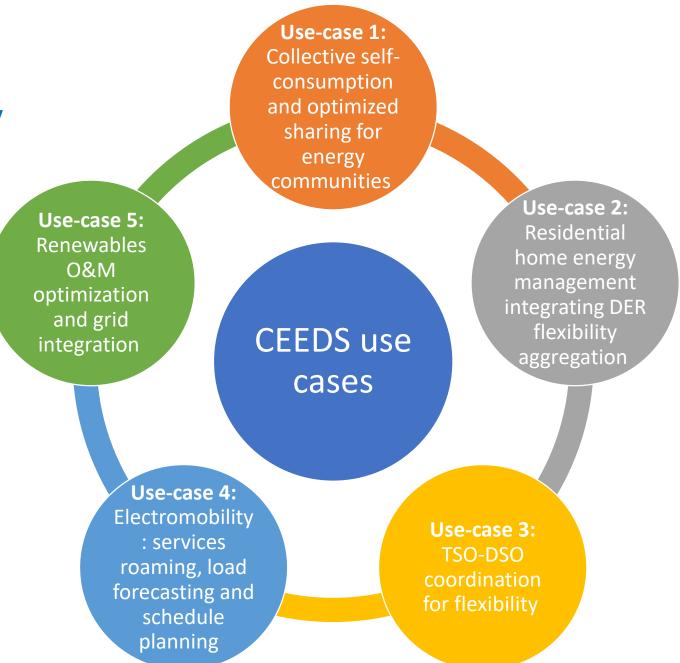






Identified reference use-cases for Common European Energy Data Space (CEEDS)

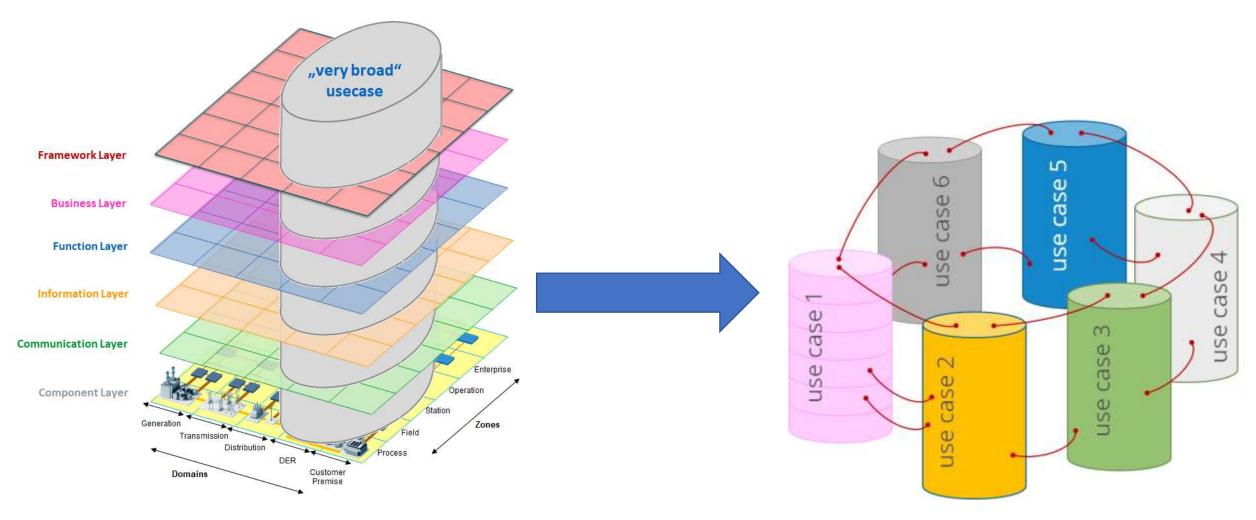
- Described with scenarios, actors and data sets
- Presented in the energy data spaces workshop (CINEA) in September 2023

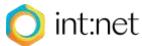




The "tube in the cube"







Blueprint of the CEEDS

Published and now available in the int:net website:

https://intnet.eu/resources/technical-resources



Work on the Blueprint is in progress: updated version 2.0 planned in June 2024

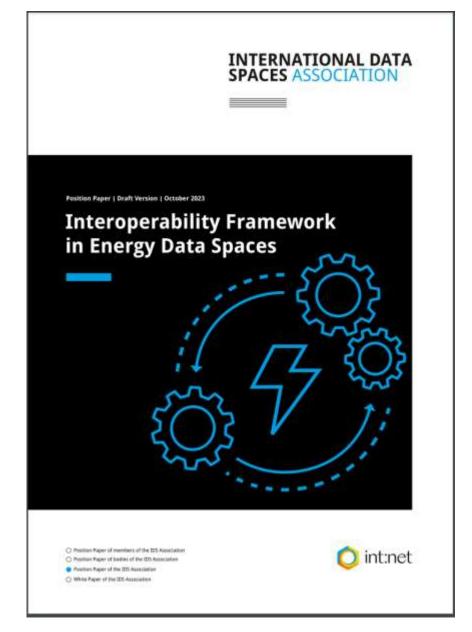






The Energy Interoperability Task Force

- Led by IDSA and int:net, involving all the energy data spaces cluster projects
- The first position paper, "Energy Interoperability Framework", has been published in November 2023, an update is coming
- Content:
 - State of the Art and Standards
 - Data space governance and interoperability
 - Definition of energy interoperability framework:
 - Technical interoperability
 - Semantic interoperability
 - Existing interoperability tools and platforms
 - Use case needs

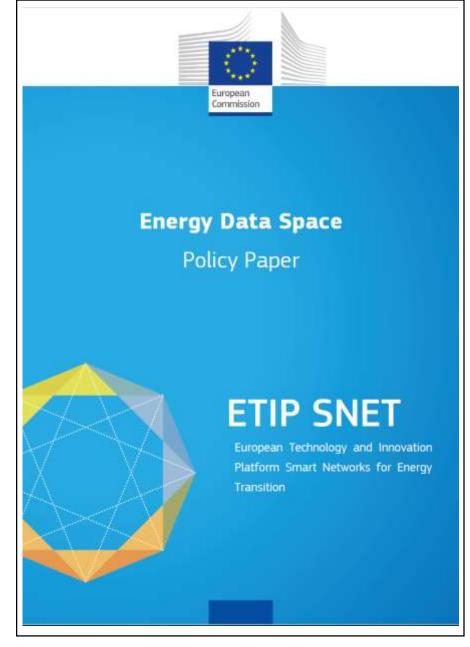






ETIP SNET policy paper on Energy Data Spaces

- Led by the ETIP SNET Working Group 4 "Digitalization" of the electricity system and customer participation"
- Scopes of the policy paper are:
 - To assess the **current status** and **evolution** of energy data spaces
 - To provide suggestions, in terms of policy and regulation, to facilitate the large deployments in Europe
- Int:net coordinated with the Energy Data Spaces HEU projects to collect the key challenges, policy and regulation recommendations
- Published in December 2023







Collaboration Events





European Collaboration Network for Interoperability Testing

Energy Test Event at IHE Connectathon 2024

Trieste (Italy), 4 – 6 June 2024







(§ 16:00 - 17:30CEST









Int:net community platform





IFG-2: Increasing Maturity in Interoperability

 Moderators: Joep van Genuchten (EPRI) & René Kuchenbuch (OFFIS)



IFG-3: The Interoperability Regulatory Landscape

 Moderators: Laia Guitart (E.DSO) & Daniele Stampatori (EUI)



IFG-4: Interoperability Testing Approaches, Test Cases, and Test Facilities

 Moderators: Thomas Strasser & Edmund Widl (both AIT)



IFG-5: Smart Grid related Use Cases and SGAM

 Moderators: Joseba Jimeno Huarte & Maider Santos Mugica (both TECNALIA)



Additional IFGs as needed



(both TRIALOG)



Thank you for your attention

Ludwig Karg B.A.U.M.









Cross-border MyHealth@EU Services

Marcello Melgara



Cross-border MyHealth@EU Servicesfrom eHDSI to EHDS...

Marcello Melgara
Università Cattolica del Sacro Cuore
marcello.melgara@melgara.onmicrosoft.com





Sponsored by







Thank you, Klara

Sponsored by





MyHealth@EU

Chair of eHealth Member State Expert Group (eHMSEG)

CZ NCPeH Coordinator

CZ MoH/Vysočina Region (CZ) – IT dept. lawyer, eHealth project manager

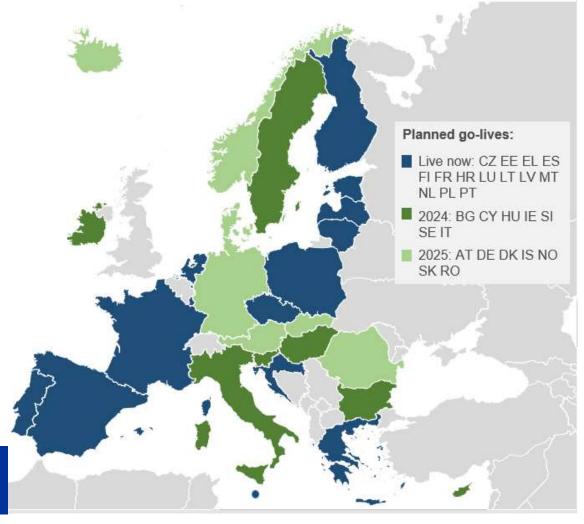
jirakova.k@kr-vysocina.cz



MyHealth@EU (eHDSI)

 FUNCTIONAL, robust European health data infrastructure for cross-border eHealth services that currently connects several member states.

 Solid, functional foundation for EHDS services – primary use of health data.





POLICY GOVERNANCE

POLICY OWNER eHN - eHealth Network

- Representatives of MS
- Sets priorities and strategy for MyHealth@EU services

POLICY SECRETARIAT DG SANTE

MS POLICY SUPPORT
Joint Actions



INFRASTRUCTURE GOVERNANCE

EC-DG SANTE - DSI owner

eHOMB – eHealth Operational Management Board DG SANTE + eHMSEG chairs

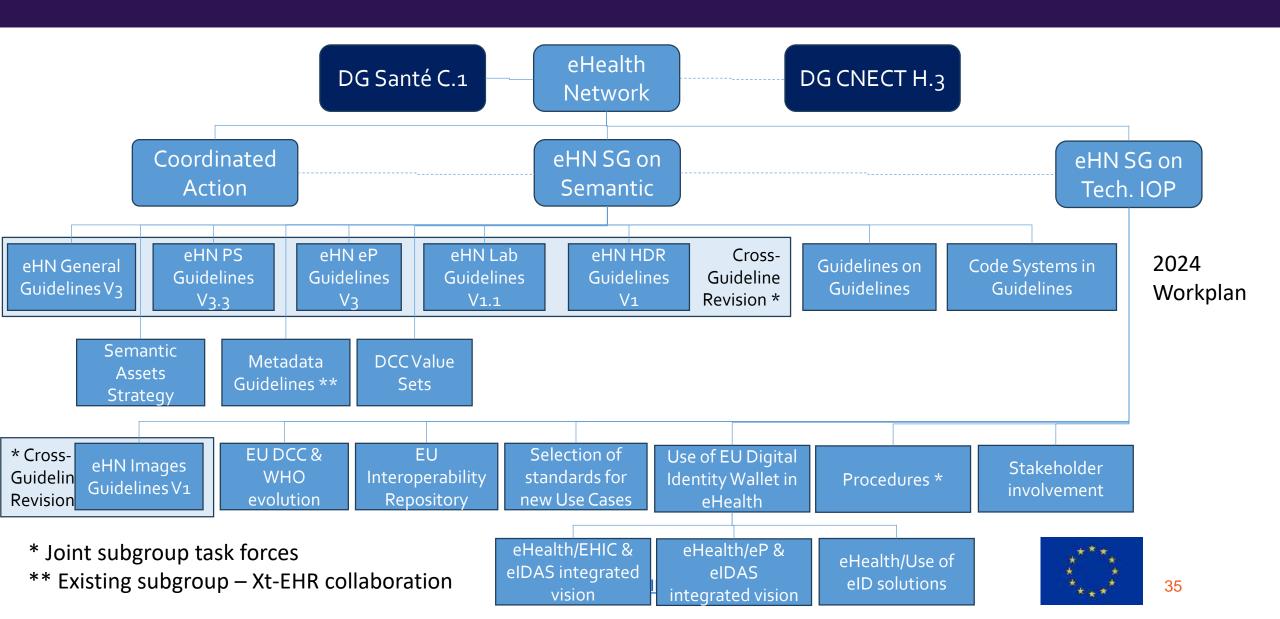
eHMSEG

- Representatives of MS National Contact Points
- Implementation of crossborder services.

MS Operational Support eHMSEG Communities

- Technical
- Semantic
- Legal
- Testing







ISO/CEN IPS

HL7/IHE IPS Implem. Guide

HL7 ePharmacy

HL7 Laboratory

ISO/CEN IDMP EMA SPOR

X-eHealth CDA/FHIR Igs & ValueSets

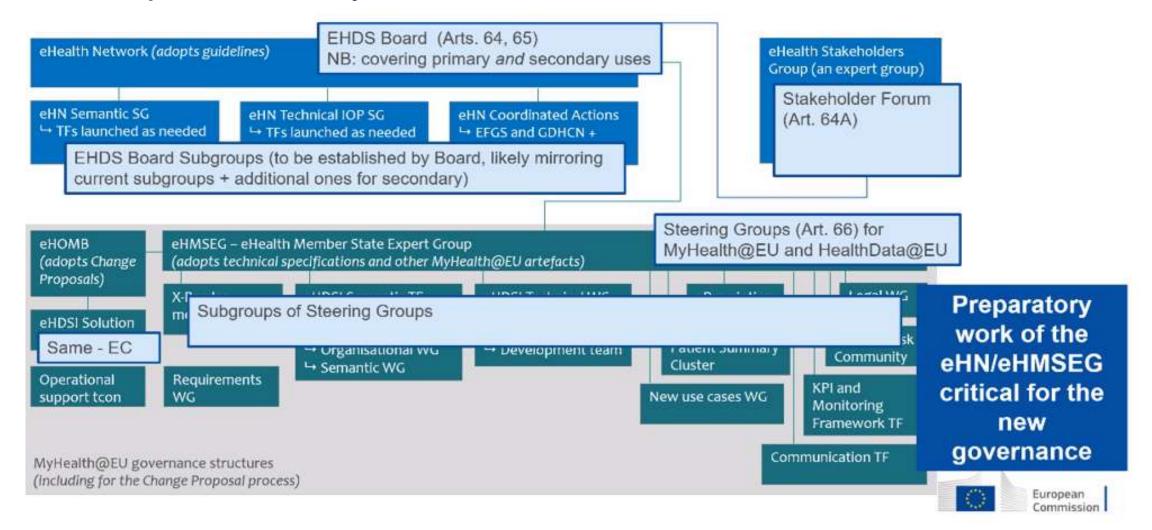
UNICOM IDMP
DataSet &
ValueSets

XpanDH FHIR
Assets

Service Asset	PS	eP/ eD	OrCD	Lab. Report	Lab. Summary	HDR	Image Report	Image Study Manifest
eHN Guidelines	✓	✓	✓	✓	Ø	✓	✓	✓
Functional Requirements	✓	✓	✓	✓	4	æ		
Implementation Guide	✓	✓	✓	✓	(1)	A		
MVC ValueSets	\checkmark	✓	✓	✓	B	D	E	
Metadata	✓	✓	✓	✓	4	2	4	4
Technical Specs	✓	✓	✓	✓		A	<u> </u>	(1)
OpenNCP	✓	✓	✓	PoC	4	POC 🖎	4	(1)
Display List & Document	✓	✓	✓	PoC		POC 🕭		
Testing strategy & tools	✓	✓	✓	√	(1)	4	A	<u>a</u>
Monitoring KPI	\checkmark	✓	✓	NOT DAYO O	(1)	(1)	Ø	<u> </u>



...to pave our way into the EHDS future.....





Thanks for your attention and continuous support!

Sponsored by







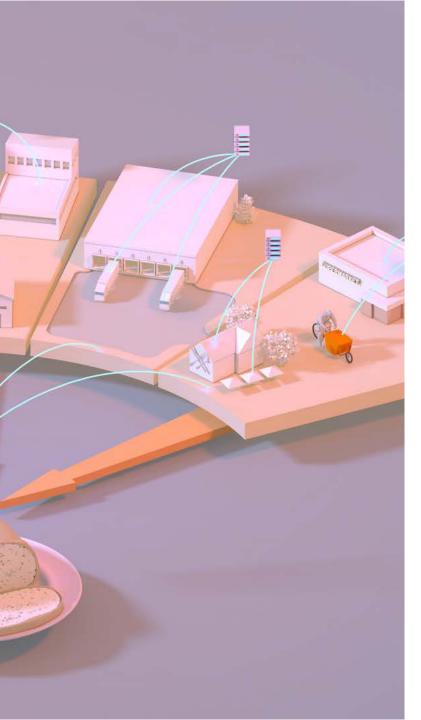




Data-driven agrifood systems - interoperability through standards

Johannes Lehmann





Agenda



- The challenge of Smart Farming and interoperability
- The roadmap of Strategic Advisory Group Smart Farming
- IWA 47 on Reference Architecture for data-driven agrifood systems



How has agriculture developed in europe over the last 100 years?

1920



1970



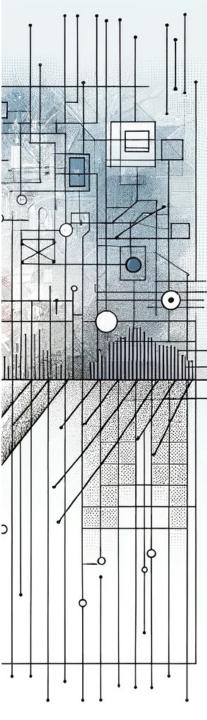
2010



Core statements

Retrospect:

- Farmers used to relate to their soil/external factors and adapted their management to heterogeneity.
- With increasing industrialization, productivity increased and the relation to soil and external factors was lost as a result of which production on farms functioned in a flat way.





Farming is getting harder

Agricultural production is a complex, adaptive process that involves hundreds of **decisions** per crop season.

- Complex regardless of farm size
- Smallholders*
 - more vulnerable
 - less access to inputs, advice, finance, risk management, etc.

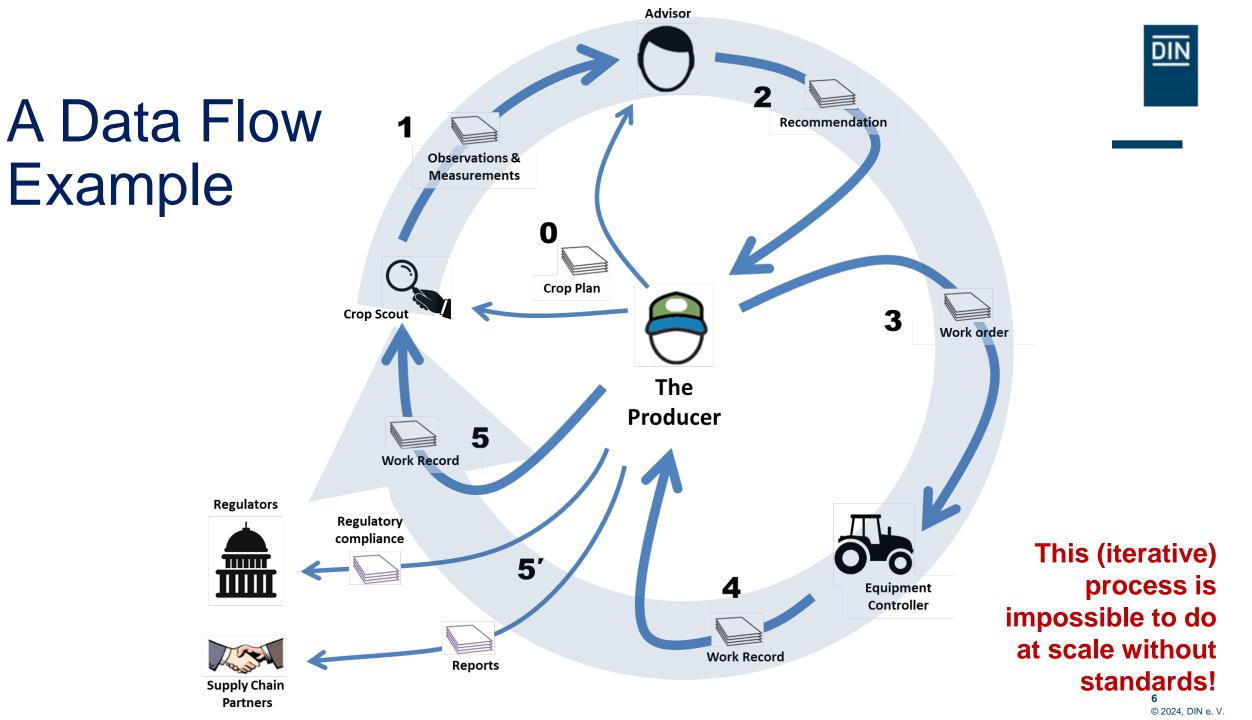
In the past these decisions were often driven by traditional local customs. In this **rapidly changing world** (Climate change! Supply chain disruptions! Political unrest!), they must increasingly be made based on **data**.

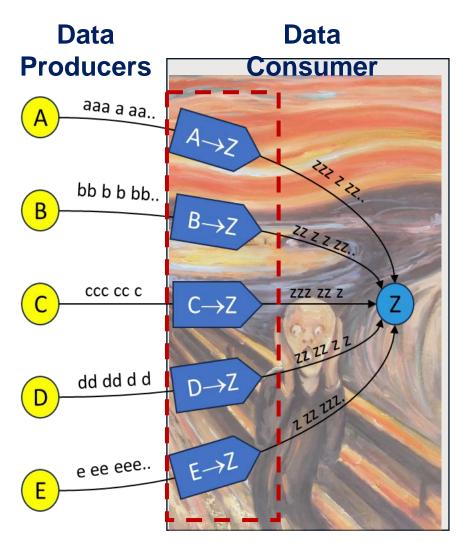
^{*} Definition varies geographically; often using farm area (e.g., < 2 ha) as a metric 4

Data flows enable stakeholders to tell their Service providers (data, Equipment (farm, stories remote sensing, elevator & plant operational and machinery, financial) sensors, etc.) manufacturers **Q** Consumers and their dinner plates Regulators Equipment dealers Food retailers **Producers** Buyers (e.g., Elevators) Food distributors Crop Regulators Food input processors, retailers packagers There are many data Crop input flows in the agrifood distributors supply chain as a normal Advisors part of doing business (especially when value-

Crop input manufacturers

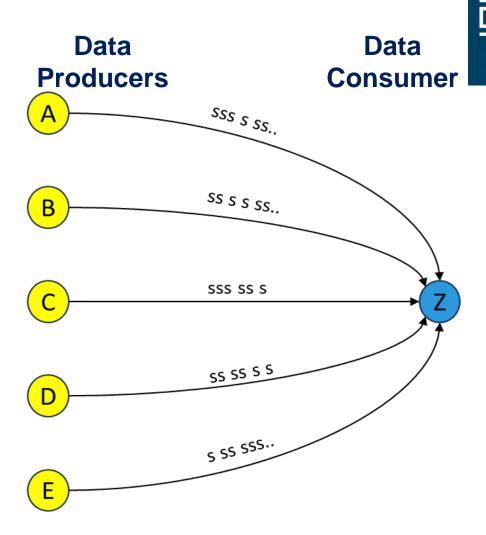
adding).





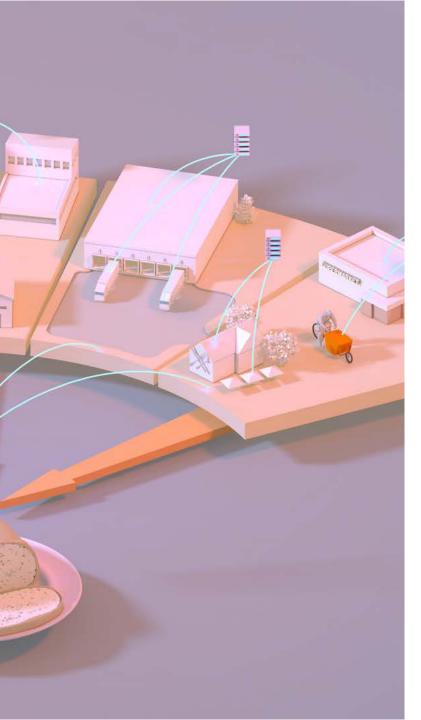
Not Using Standards:

Many translations to maintain → large burden on data consumer's system



Using Standards:

No translations needed → creating datadriven tools is much easier



Agenda



- The challenge of Smart Farming and interoperability
- The roadmap of Strategic Advisory Group Smart Farming
- IWA 47 on Reference Architecture for data-driven agrifood systems



When you find yourself in a hole, stop digging (Wordsworth Dictionary of Proverbs (2006) p 283



The industry is in a bind: our standards aren't enough to support data-driven, decision-making needed to solve modern problems / the SDGs.

This emerges from the bottom-up growth of both the industry and its standardization efforts.

The International Organization for Standardization (ISO) realized this, chartered a Strategic Advisory Group for Smart Farming

- 180 experts from 21 national standards bodies (NSBs)
- Mission: develop a strategy to guide hybrid top-down, bottom-up action.

Key part of the proposed strategy: create a permanent home for standards specific to data-driven agrifood systems. This is now Technical Committee 347 (TC 347).



Critical

first

steps

Horizon 1 6 month – 1 year

Horizon 2 1 - 3 years

Horizon 3 3 - 6 years

Rec. 3.1.4, 3.1.7: ISO SF Coordination Committee

Rec. 3.2.1: New TC 347 "Data-driven Agrifood Systems"

Inspired by IHE Rec. 3.1.5: Joint Smart Farming Landscape Group

Rec. 3.4.10, 3.4.11: IWA on Data Reference Architecture for Smart Farming

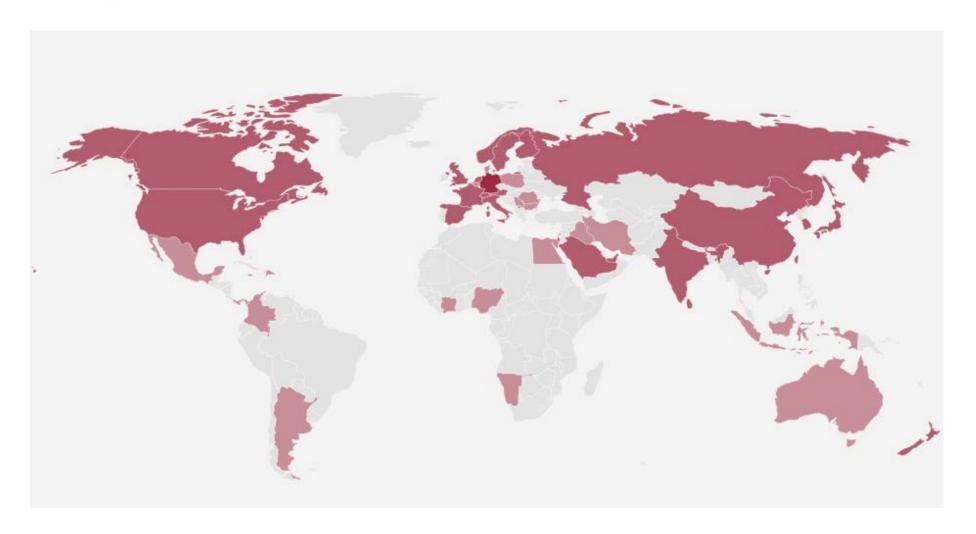
Rec. 3.4.2 – 3.4.8: High-priority agrisementic standards

Rec. 3.4.2 – 3.4.8: Data Type Registry (Semantic Infrastructure)

Inspired by IHE Rec. 3.1.8. Conformance assessment of FAIR Data Principles



Participation in TC 347











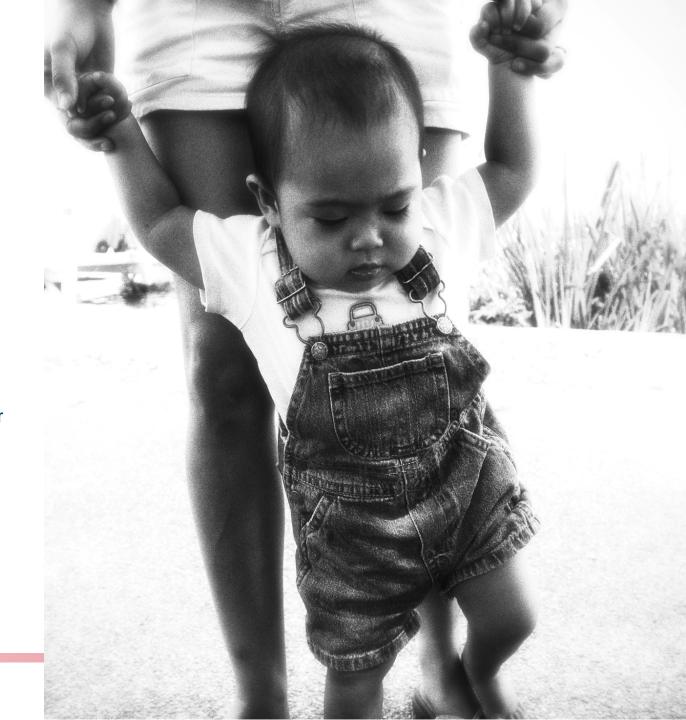
- Develop and maintain a comprehensive Smart Farming standards landscape document
- Including initiatives, standards, and terms / definitions maintained by each organization
- Promote cooperation and coordination across organizations developing relevant global standards and make recommendations
- Increase the effenciency due to a closer collaboration

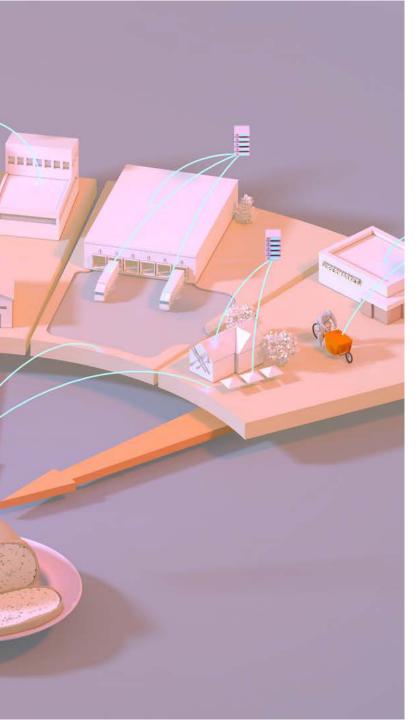
In the spirit of IES "We need a community, to ensure interoperability in data exchange of ICT systems in a cooperative and transparent process, involving users, vendors and researchers"

Reference Architecture

- We propose a reference architecture (RA) as an early step toward enabling data-driven capabilities in agrifood systems.
- This architecture will define a conceptual model, a reference model, and various architectural perspectives aligned with industry best practices.
- It will lay out a structured approach for building data-driven agrifood systems and serve as a framework to guide architects in creating such systems.
- It will also provide a clearer understanding of these systems for stakeholders such as device manufacturers, application developers and retailers.
- Work will begin in early 2024 starting from clause 4.3 of the SAG-SF final report.

Photo: https://www.flickr.com/photos/telachhe/3342173731







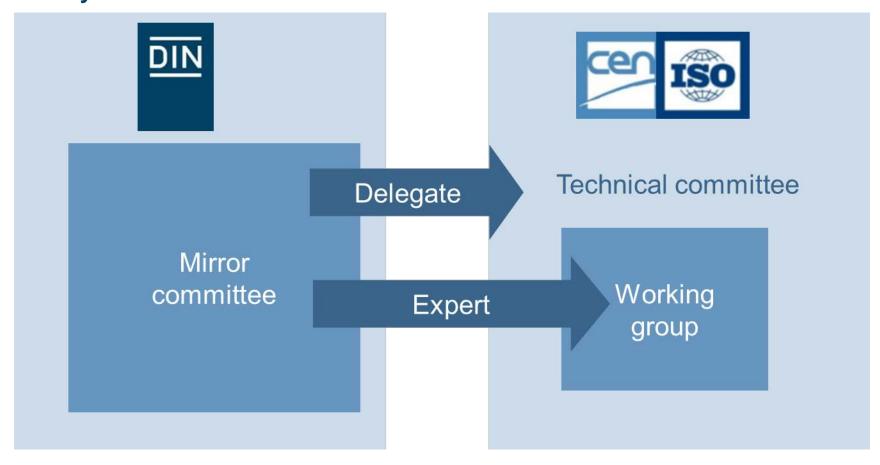


- The challenge of Smart Farming and interoperability
- The roadmap of Strategic Advisory Group Smart Farming
- 3 IWA 47 on Reference Architecture for data-driven agrifood systems

Introduction to ISO

DIN

Activity in international standards committees



Introduction to ISO



Differences in the type and duration of the development process and the normative character of the document:

ISO International Standard

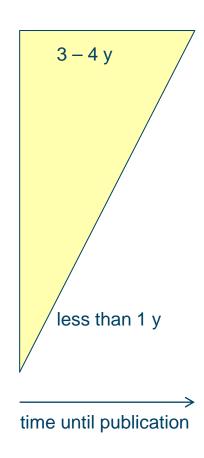
ISO/TS International Technical Specification

ISO/TR International Technical Report

PAS Publicly Available Specification

IWA International Workshop Agreement

Guide



International Workshop Agreement (IWA 47) on a Reference Architecture for Smart Farming



Data-driven
capabilities in
agrifood systems
require a data
reference
architecture

How do we tackle the topic of data architecture?



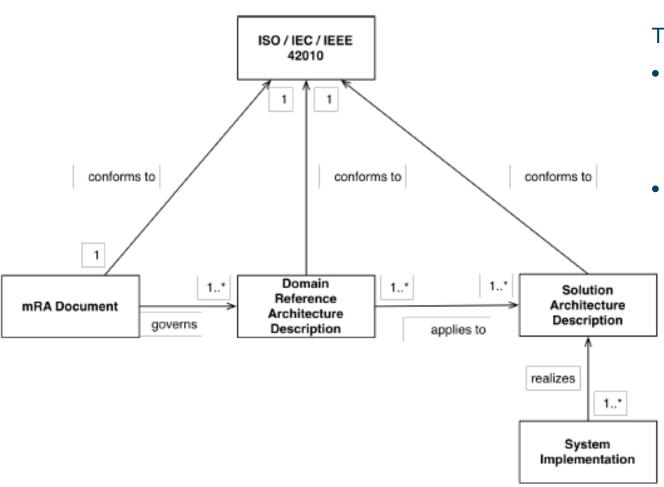
IWA:
Collaboration
among
professionals for
developing a
comprehensive
data reference
architecture

Why we use an IWA?

- Collaboration with data and IT experts currently lacking in existing structures
- Lower barriers for participation, especially for experts form global south
- Awareness for the tool of standardization and engagement with experts not yet involved in standardization

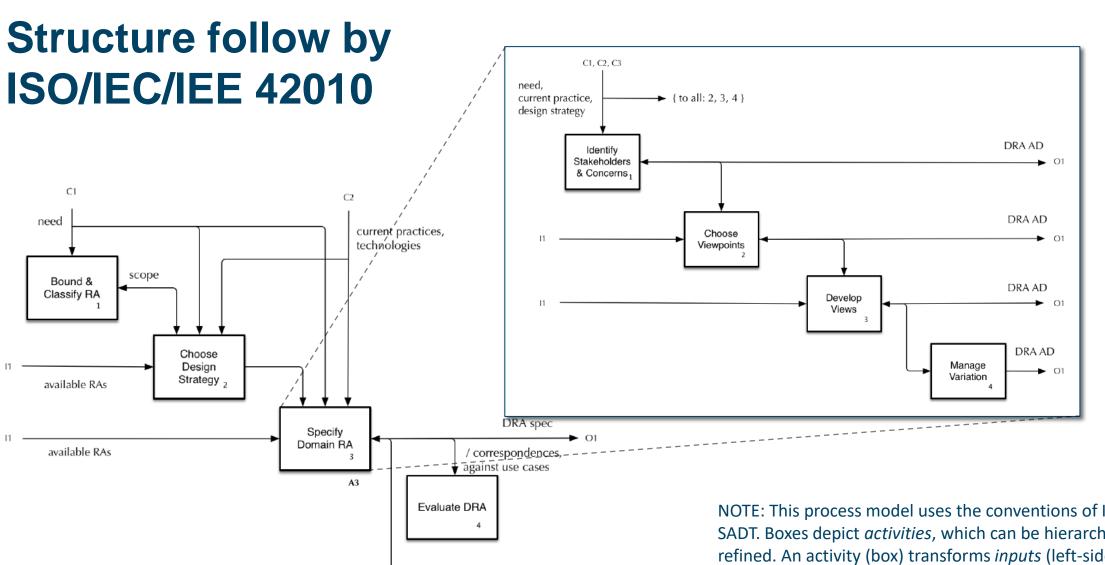
Guiding principle of the IWA 47





The guiding principles of the IWA 47 are:

- To build on existing standard ISO/IEC/IEE 42010 and a meta reference description of ISO/IEC
 JTC1//SC 41 - Internet of things and digital twin
- Generate consistence and conformance to the existing



updates,

Maintain DRA interpretations, clarifications NOTE: This process model uses the conventions of IDEFO or SADT. Boxes depict *activities*, which can be hierarchically refined. An activity (box) transforms *inputs* (left-side arrows) into *outputs* (right-side arrows). Activities take place under the influence of *controls* (top-side arrows). *Feedback* situations are depicted with double-headed arrows. Activities are implemented using *mechanisms* (bottom side arrows).

IWA 47 – Project plan

Step 1

Make the proposal

Approach ISO Central Secretariat or any ISO member with your proposal.

Your proposal should include:

- ✓ Purpose and justification
- Relevant documents
- Lists of organizations that may be interested
- Indications of any ISO member body willing to act as Secretariat
- ✓ An estimate of the number of meetings if more than one is envisaged
- ✓ Details of any proposed special arrangements for distribution of the IWA

Note: a form is available to facilitate submitting your proposal for TMB approval.

Start - ISO/CS will normally take less than one month to process your proposal

Step 2

Get ISO/TMB approval

- ISO/CS then circulates your proposal to the ISO/TMB for approval (checking any proposed distribution arrangements with the ISO/Sec-Gen).
- The TMB will also formally assign / confirm the ISO member body who will be your secretariat for the project.
- The ISO member body works with the proposer to decide full details of the Workshop:
 - ✓ Price (if any fee)
 - Time/Date/Venue
 - √ Format
 - √ Background
 - ✓ Doc supply
 - Process
 - ✓ Chair

Maximum of three months

Step 3

ISO/CS circulates the details of the workshop

- A notification with the full details agreed at Step 2 - is circulated to all ISO members (by ISO/CS)
- · ISO member bodies can then circulate the proposal as widely as possible in order to publicize it to potentially interested parties.

Note: Any organization or company or individual is allowed to attend.

Three months (90 days) advance notice is required before holding the workshop.

Step 4

Hold the workshop and agree the document

- At the meeting the Chair (nominated in advance) will be confirmed.
- During the whole IWA process, the Chair must be impartial and seek to ensure the maximum amount of consensus possible has been achieved.
- Document is drafted and circulated to the workshop participants.
- · This can be repeated until the Chair believes that the best possible consensus has been obtained.

Note: One possible mechanism is that the workshop participants work online on a dedicated Web site.

Note: Multiple meetings can take place if necessary.

This stage depends on the scope of the IWA. However, aim to finish in three months or less

July – October

Step 5

Publish the IWA

- The final draft of the IWA is sent by the secretariat to ISO/CS.
- ISO/CS formats the document - giving it the relevant ISO cover page / logo.
- ISO/CS then supplies the document to all its member bodies who can supply it as they see fit.
- Any special arrangements for the distribution of the IWA should be put in place here.

Building on the **IWA 47** agreement, standardization work on the reference architecture will begin in TC 347

One month







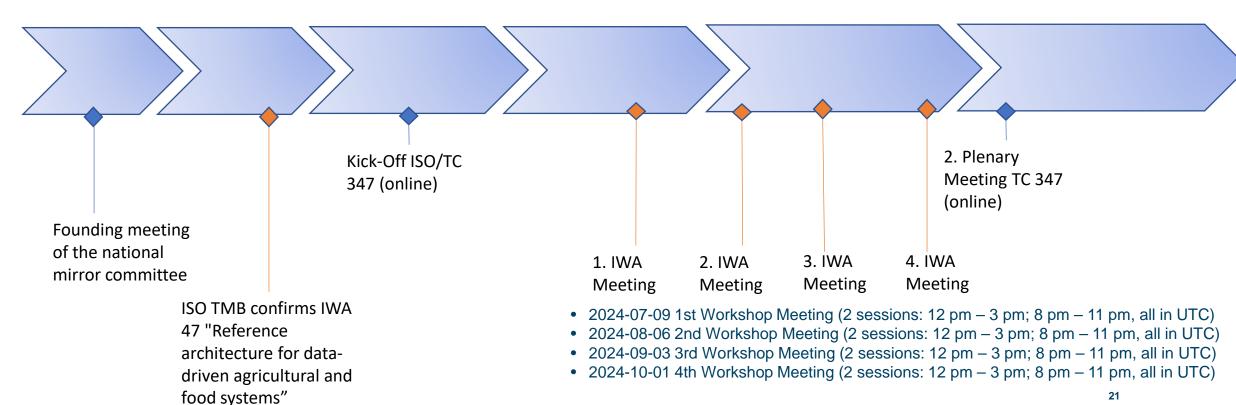


~ December

Timeline and Outlook



2024 2025 Januar Februar März April Juni Juli August Oktober September November Dezember





Wrap up & Call to action

- The challenge in data-driven agrifood systems are similar to the healthcare and energy sector:
 - Lack of collaboration and communication within the multi- stakeholder system
 - Lack of collaboration of international standardization institutes
 - Missing Conformance assessment
- Most of the recommendations of the roadmap of the SAG Smart Farming and their implementations will happen in the ISO TC 347
- Bring in your expertise in the IWA 47 "Reference architecture for data-driven agrifood systems"
- We need to investigate if the testing methods of IHE could be integrated when it comes to assessing the conformance of data, data exchange, and data exchange processes to the principles of findability, accessibility, interoperability, and reusability (FAIR)
- We need a governance model for the Joint Smart Farming Landscape Group, which could perhaps be modeled on the one of IHE



Further information

The final report of the ISO SAG Smart Farming https://bit.ly/3olkd8x



- The new established ISO/TC 347 "Data-driven Agrifood Systems" https://www.iso.org/committee/9983782.html
- Registration for IWA 47 "Reference Archirecture for data-driven Agrifood Systems" https://bit.ly/3THCV7k



- Please contact Melodie Kelebek for additional information about the IWA 47
- Information on creating an IWA https://www.iso.org/deliverables-all.html#IWA



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