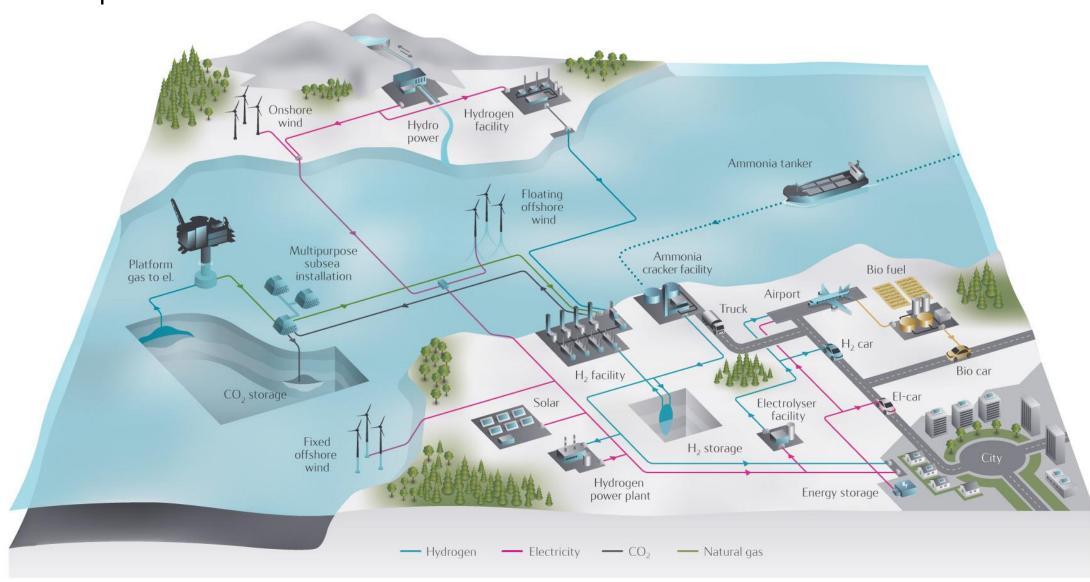
### Low Carbon Solutions



Steinar Eikaas – Equinor



### The Challenge and the Tool-Box

Storage (CCS)



... to Natural Gas



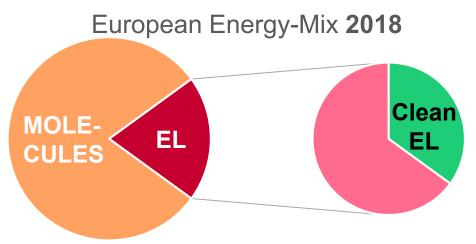
Industry

**Cost Efficiency EL: MOL** 

Energy Transport 1:10 Long Term Storage 1:100

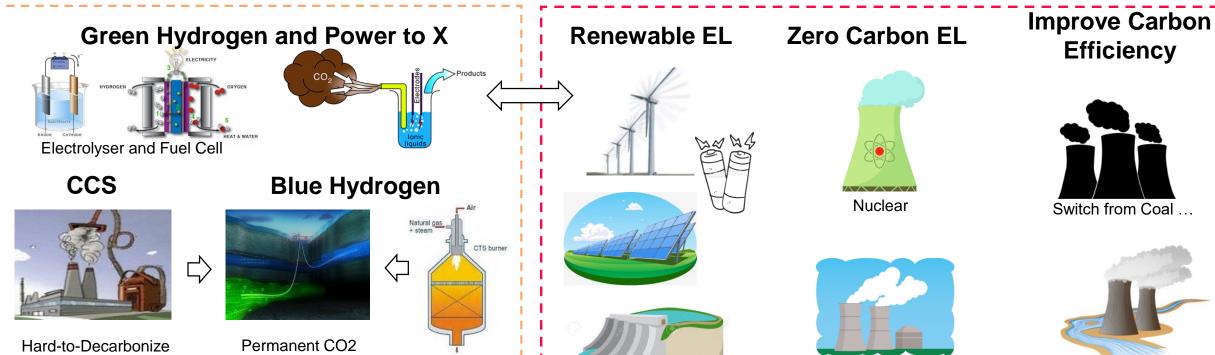
Gas Reformer

w/CCS



Hydrogen fired

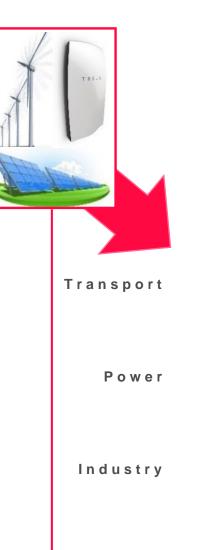
**EL** power





### Decarbonising Energy Systems

complexity to decarbonise -



Heat



Heat Pumps For Efficient Use of Electricity in Homes

Large Battery

for Daily Swing

Light Industry

powered by

Renewable

(night-to-day)

Systems

Battery (mostly)

plus Hydrogen

for Heavy Duty



Hydrogen for Efficient Transfer of Energy from Production to End-Users

Hydrogen

Fuel-Cell

Trains

Hydro-Power as

Battery for Small

Heavy Industry

Hydrogen from

Natural Gas + CCS

powered by

Scale Intermittency



Hard

Liquid Hydrogen and Fuel-Cells for long haul Big Ships



Hydrogen fired CCGTs Clean Back-Up Power for Large Scale Intermittency



CCS for Industry without other Alternatives



Hydrogen for Large Scale Seasonal Storage



Multiple technologies to address the challenge





#### The Dogger Bank Wind farm

#### World-class wind speed in shallow waters

- 3 projects: Creyke Beck A, B and Teesside A
- Installed capacity per project: 1.2 GW, total 3.6 GW
- GE 12+ MW Wind Turbine Generators (WTGs)
- High Voltage Direct Current (HVDC) transmission system due to long distance to shore

#### Strong partnership

- 50/50 joint venture between Equinor and SSE
- SSE lead operator in the construction phase and Equinor in the operations phase

4 | Halfdan Brustad | NES London Townhall Open

#### CCS and Clean Hydrogen Portfolio



# Market Build (2019 – First Operations)





#### Applications:

CCS for industry

2026



#### Applications:

· Hydrogen for maritime

2028



#### Applications:

 Hydrogen for industry (steel) 2026



#### Applications:

- Hydrogen for industry
- Chemicals
- · Synthetic fuels
- BECCS
- Hydrogen power

2026



#### Applications:

- Post-combustion CCS power generation
- CCS for industry
- BECCS
- Hydrogen production

2027



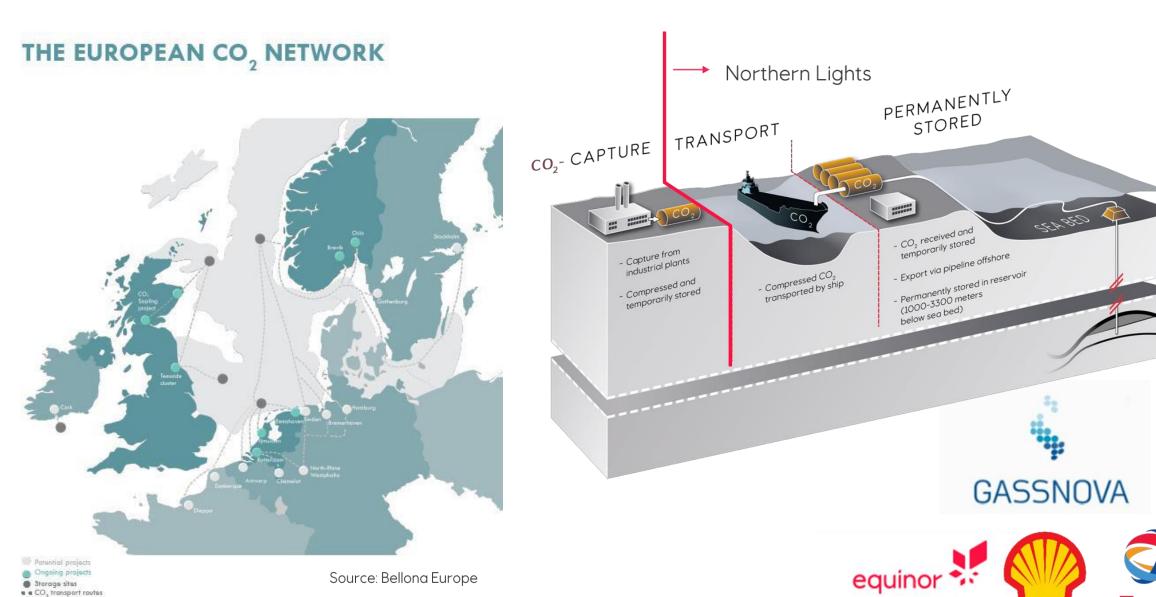
#### Applications:

Hydrogen power

5 | LCS Strategy Implementation Confidential 27 September 2019

### A European "open source" network for CO2 removal





TOTAL

### Project status & future

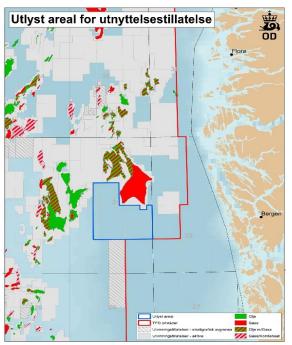


Transport, intermediate storage, pipeline

FEED to be delivered Q3 2019

#### Storage

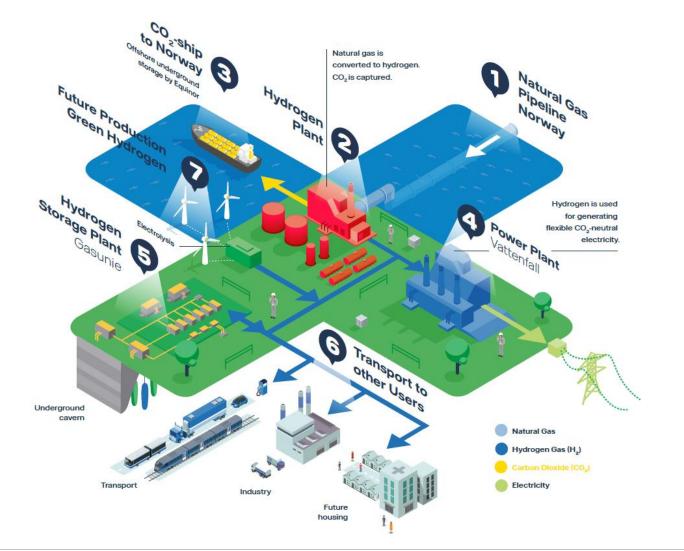
- Use permission Nr 001 given for "Aurora" south of Troll
- Confirmation well to be drilled November 2019, subsea equipment is being built
- Potential beyond anchor customers
   In dialogue with 15 possible users in 8 European countries
- Investment decisions
   Planned for December 2020 (State budget)
- Operational 2023
   Then all emitters have a storage solution start capture!





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### H2M – Magnum, Netherlands







- Energy: 8-12 TWh
- CO2 emissions reduction of 2 Mton/year
- Utilise existing gas power plants and gas infrastructure
- Switch fuel from natural gas to clean H2
- Clean, flexible electricity as back-up for solar and wind
- Launch large-scale H2 economy

Partners:







### Perfect fit of Offshore Wind and Hydrogen





20.000 x 20ft (2,5 days backup)



### H21 North of England





System approach to decarbonise residential heating and distributed gas

Energy: ~85 TWh (12.5% of UK population)

/ 12 GW hydrogen production

CO2 emissions reduction: 12,5 Mt CO2 pa

CO2 storage offshore UK / Norway

8 TWh (seasonal) hydrogen storage

CO2 footprint 14,5 g/KWh

Unlimited system coupling

CAPEX: £23 billion

### H21 NoE supply concept





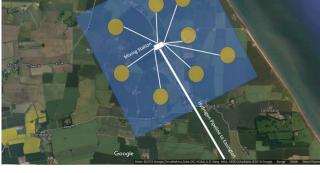
# **Hydrogen Storage**

Location: Easington

· Capacity: 12 GW

 Configuration: Multi train, selfsufficient with power

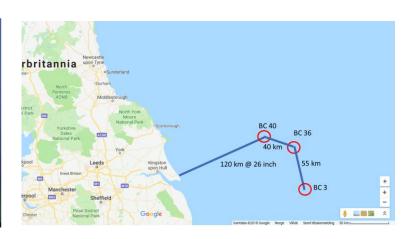
**Greenfield Hydrogen Facility** 



Location: Aldbrough

Capacity: 8 TWh

 Configuration: 56 caverns at 300,000 m3



#### **CO2 Storage**

Hydrogen storage sites

Location: Bundter

Capacity: +600 Million @ 17 mtpa

Configuration: Saline aquifers

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## H21 - What will it cost?

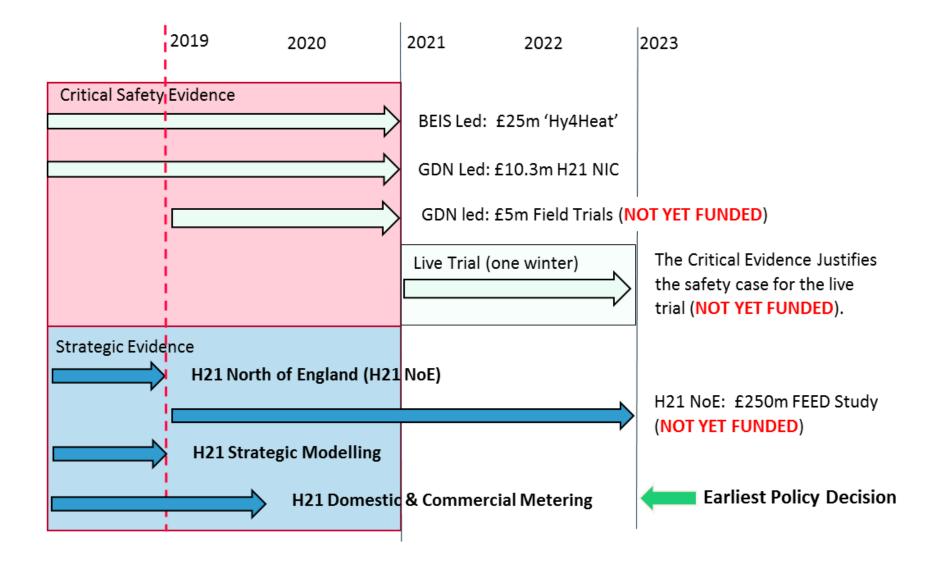
#### **2035 Residential Prices**

2035 Residential Prices		CO2 Footprint
Electricity	£200/MWh (BEIS Projection)	50 g/KWh
Natural Gas	£50/MWh (BEIS Projection)	200 g/KWh
Hydrogen	£75/MWh (H21)	15 g/KWh (H21)

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### The next steps



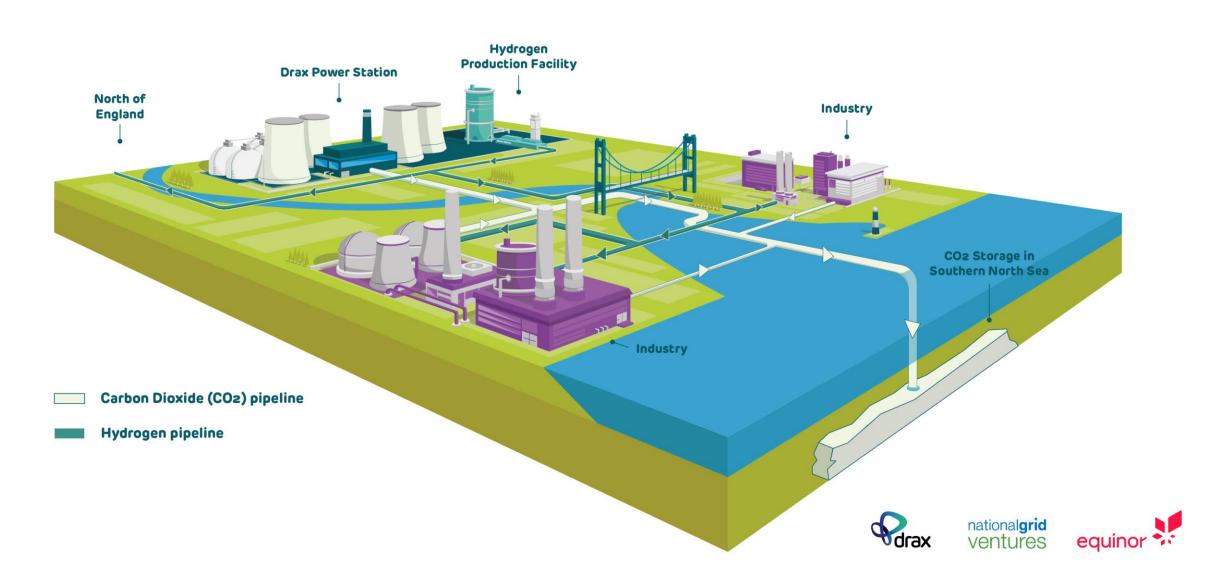


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#### **Zero Carbon Humber**

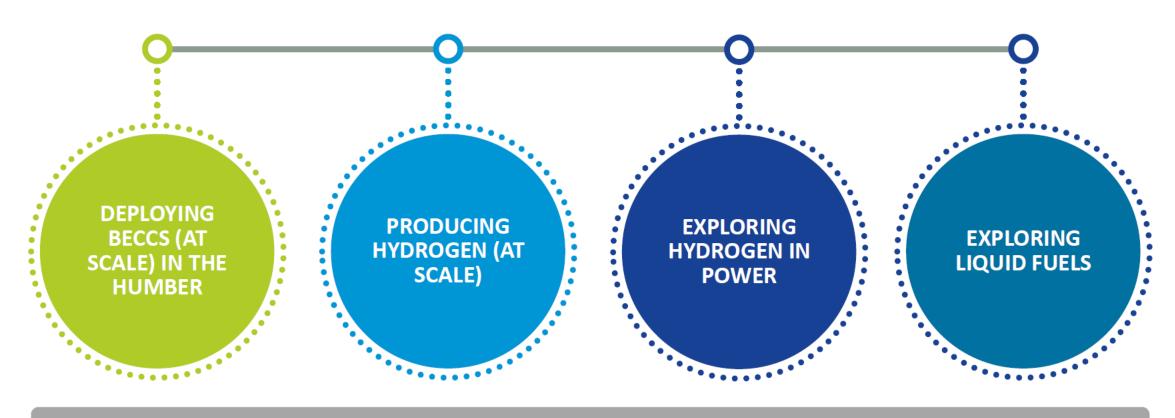
### equinor

#### Our vision



#### **Overview of partnership**

Areas of collaboration



CO<sub>2</sub> TRANSPORTATION

CO<sub>2</sub> STORAGE

# Understanding the Challenge

Natural Gas currently provides Europe with more than 1500 TWh of flexible energy.

What is 1500 TWh?



Vehicle

20 000 000 000 X

Battery park

11 600 000 X

Hydro

200 X







# Why Blue Hydrogen?



Europe currently consumes about 8000 TWh of Oil & Gas

How can half of that be converted to decarbonized Hydrogen? (assuming all new renewable generation is channeled towards the remaining electricity sector)

REQUIREMENTS

Green Hydrogen

Blue Hydrogen

**Energy Source** 

Hydrogen Capacity

VS.

Existing Supply Chain annual global deliveries



x 150
New Plants



x 50.000 (10 MW units)



**x** 100 (10 MW units)

### Already Exists

(Natural Gas)



x 500 (1 GW units)





### Blue Hydrogen – What Will it Cost?

Sector	Price Premium	Compared to
Industry	+25%	Grey Hydrogen
Heat	+50%	Natural Gas
Power (on demand)	+100%	Natural Gas

pen dd.mm.yyyy

