

# CONTROL<sup>IN</sup>STEEL

## Automation of complex process chains supported by artificial intelligence



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Webinar – The future of control in the steel sector





- **Part 1.** Review of current trends
  - **Part 2.** The Field of Artificial Intelligence
    - **Part 3.** Assorted AI Technology Trends for Process Chain Control



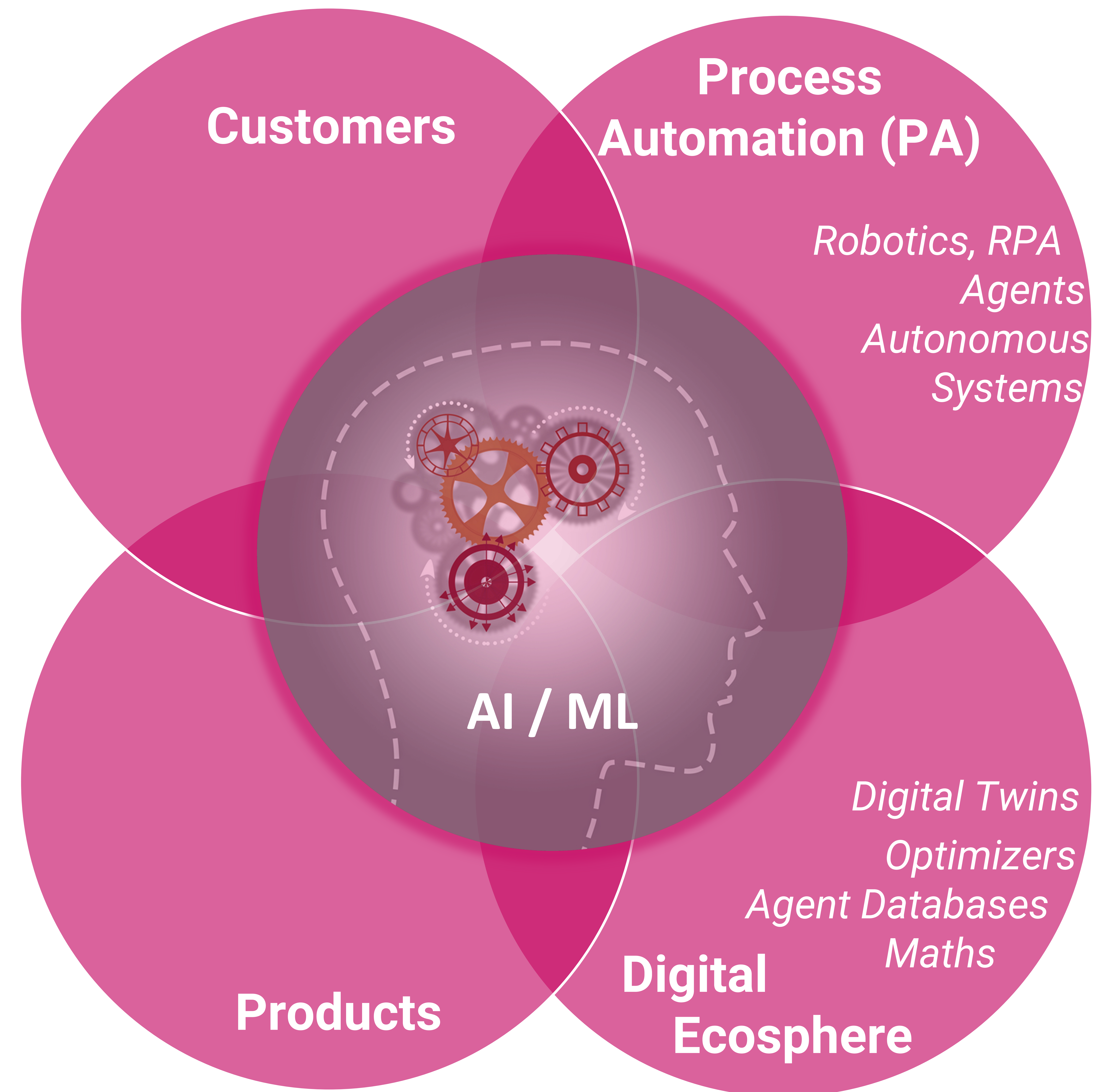
- **Part 1.** Review of current trends



- **Knowledge Graphs** – helping to make human knowledge understandable for machines
- **Decision Intelligence** – supplying machines with techniques to act autonomously
- **Physics-informed AI** – equipping AI methods with additional, human generated knowledge to learn quicker and more reliable
- **High-level assistance technologies** that can be applied to all sorts of automation problems
- **Physics-informed AI** – equipping AI methods with additional, human generated knowledge to learn quicker and more reliable
- **Quantum ML** – please also refer to the talk of J. Ordieres for details



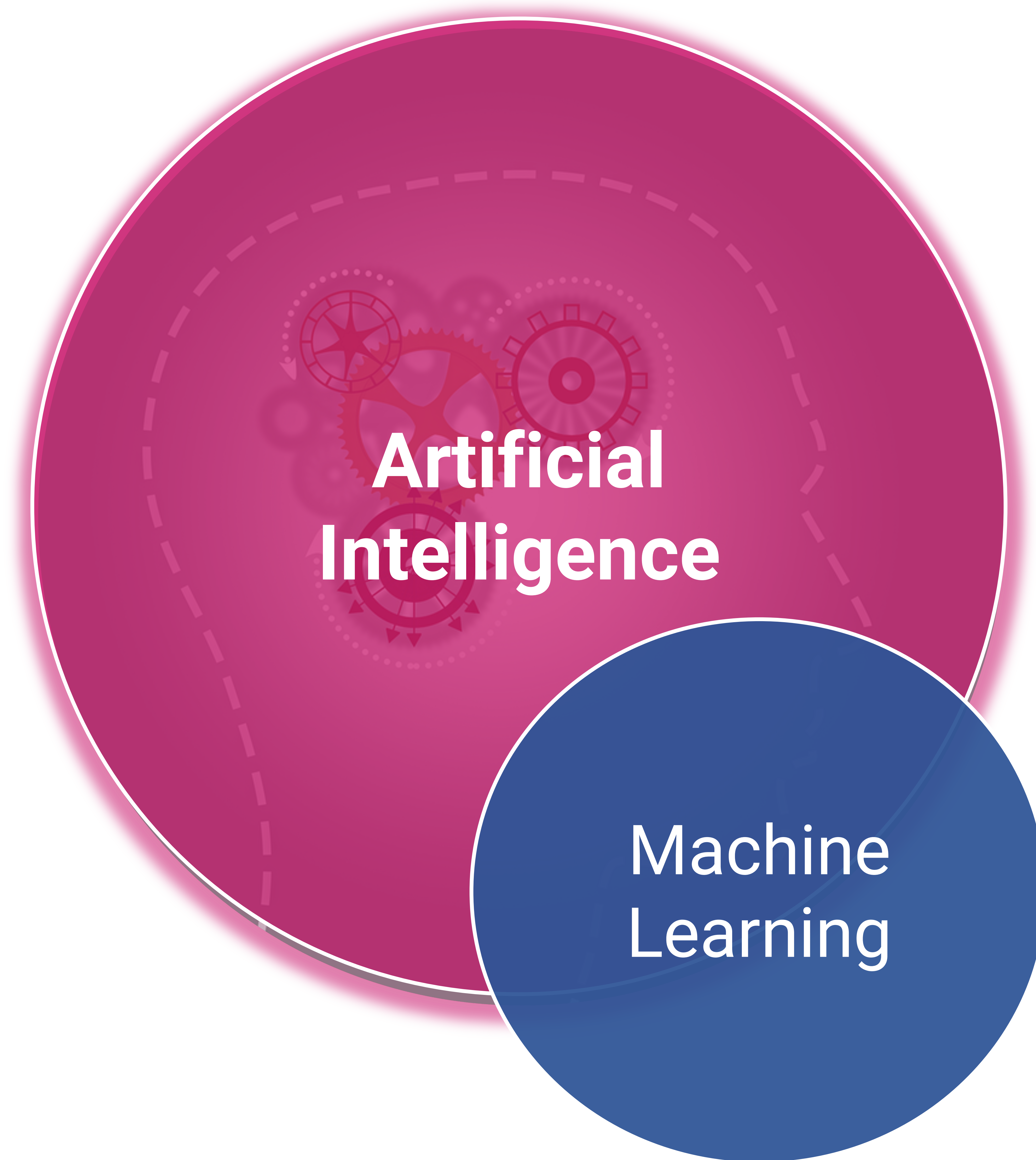
- Ideas of Industry 4.0 already foreshadowed **hyperautomation**
- **Integration ambition** of Industry 4.0 is crucial element for future research
- Evaluation of 45 former projects has shown...
  - Process automation gained momentum by considering complex process chains
  - Control and automation left the boundaries of single aggregate considerations
  - Future: **Holistic integrated process automation** will be in focus of research





- **Part 2.** The Field of Artificial Intelligence





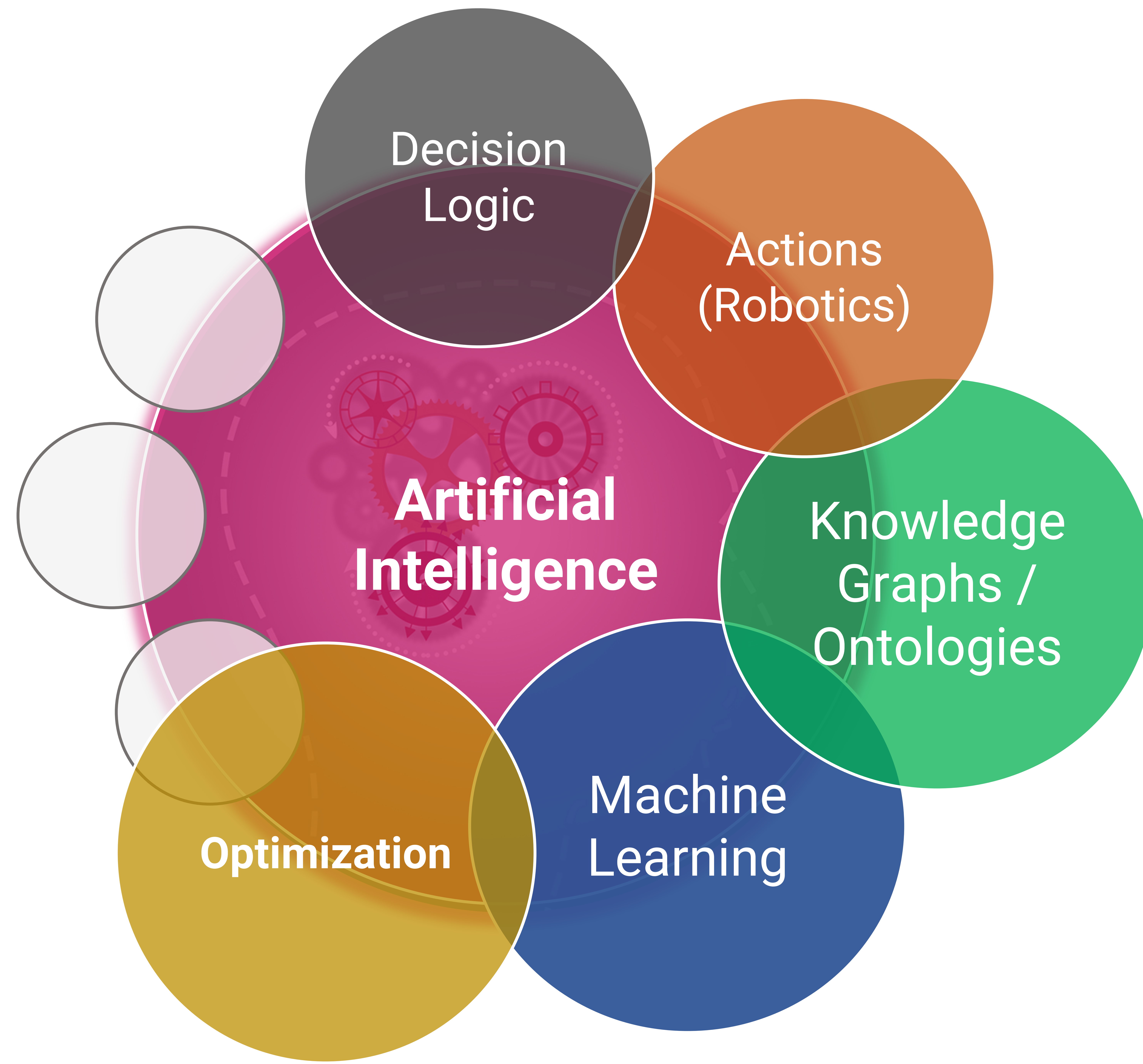
*„**Artificial intelligence** is the science and engineering of making computers behave in ways that, until recently, we thought required human intelligence“,*

- Andrew Moore, Carnegie  
Melon University

*„**Machine learning** is the study of computer algorithms that allow computer programs to automatically improve through experience“,*

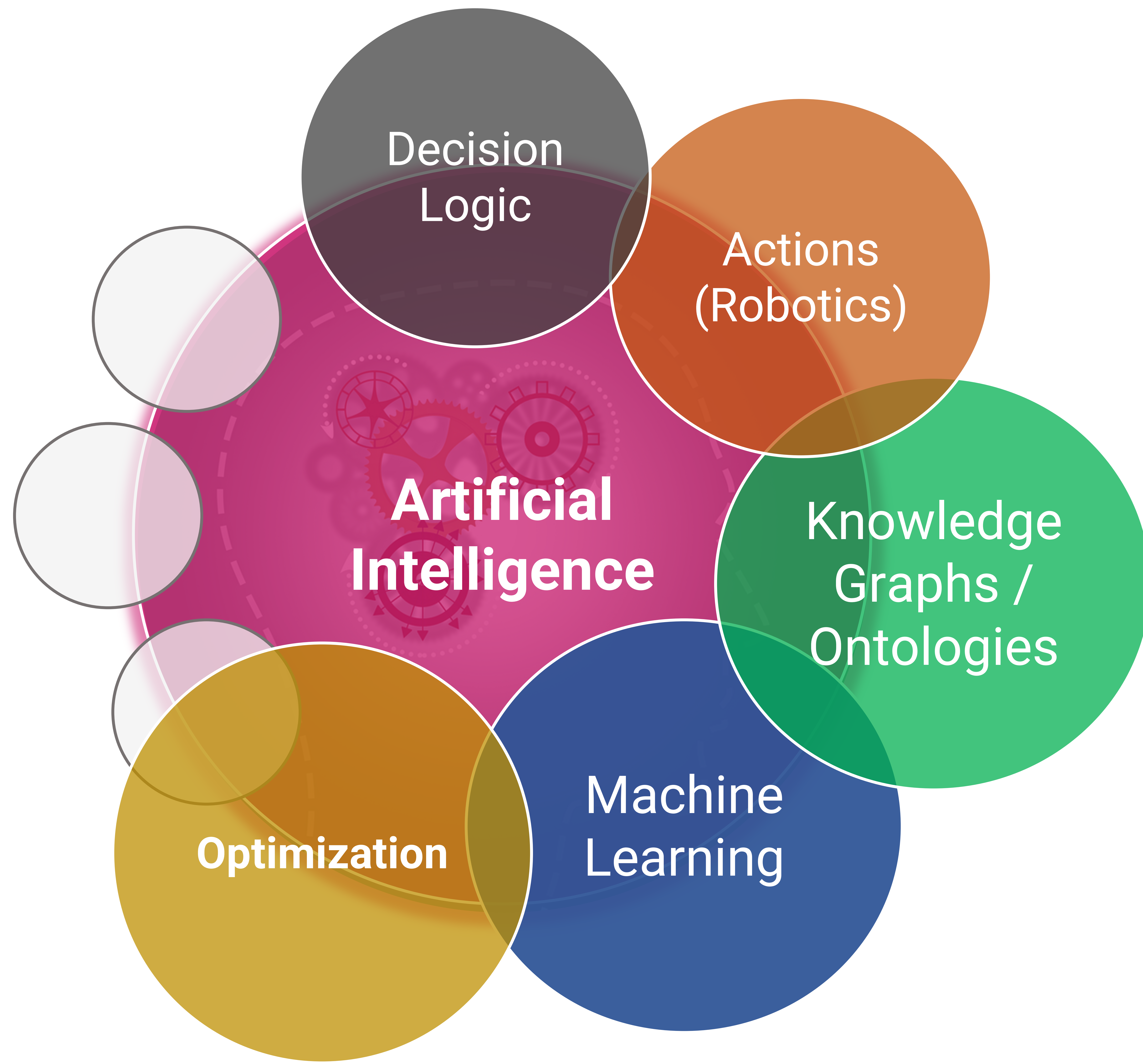
- Tom Mitchell, Carnegie Melon University





- Artificial intelligence is more than just machine learning

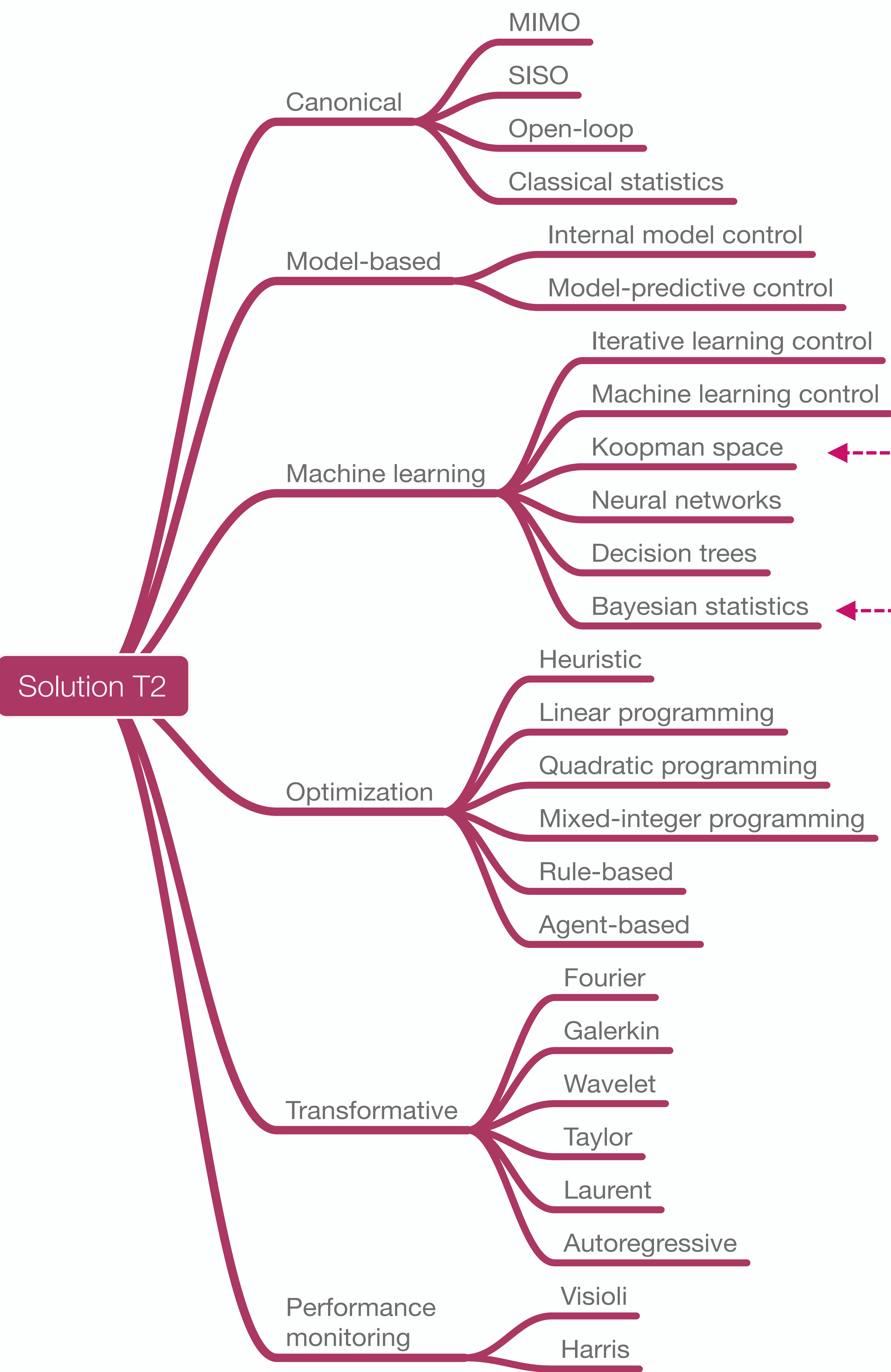




- **Decision Logic (ca. 20%)**
  - Game Theory (see e.g. Auctions Iannino et al.)
    - Predict payoff based on constraints
  - Humanized Bayesian Belief
    - Make choice not based on data
- **Robotic Process Automation (ca. 10%)**
  - Make AI interacting physically with things
  - Make AI interact with people (!)
- **Knowledge Graphs / Ontologies (ca. 10%)**
  - Semantic modelling of process chain
    - Make Optimizer understand the optimization targets



- **Source 1:** Solution Taxonomy of ControlInSteel
- **Source 2:** Gartner Hype Cycle
- **Source 3:** Research on automation methodology for non-steel process industries



■ **Koopman space:** high potential for substantial breakthrough for single aggregate control, not considered yet

■ **Uncertainty,** dramatically underrepresented in current (steel) research projects

■ **Key technology for ecologic optimization**

- **Conclusion:** True AI systems were not covered by RFCS funded research projects yet.



## **Part 3.** Assorted AI Technology Trends for Process Chain Control



The novel D-SI System and other standards include full uncertainty descriptions for input and output data

$$x = \{x\} * [x] \pm u_x; t_x; P(x, \mu, \sigma); \mathbf{SD}(x) = \text{"Temperature"}$$

Uncertainties will become inherent part of data.

Also the probability for x will be part of the data point itself.

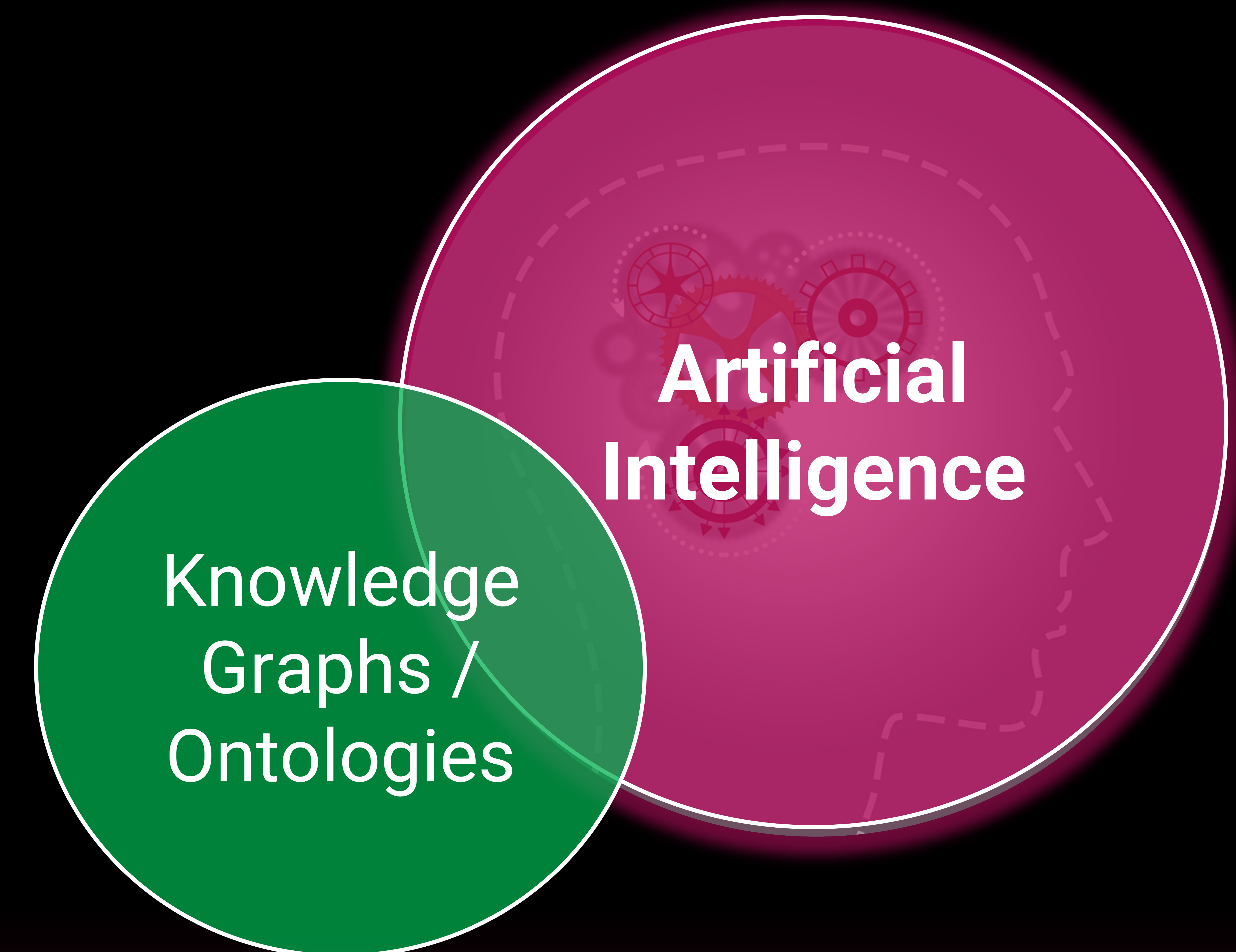


The object oriented input data point can also be marked by a semantic description operator:

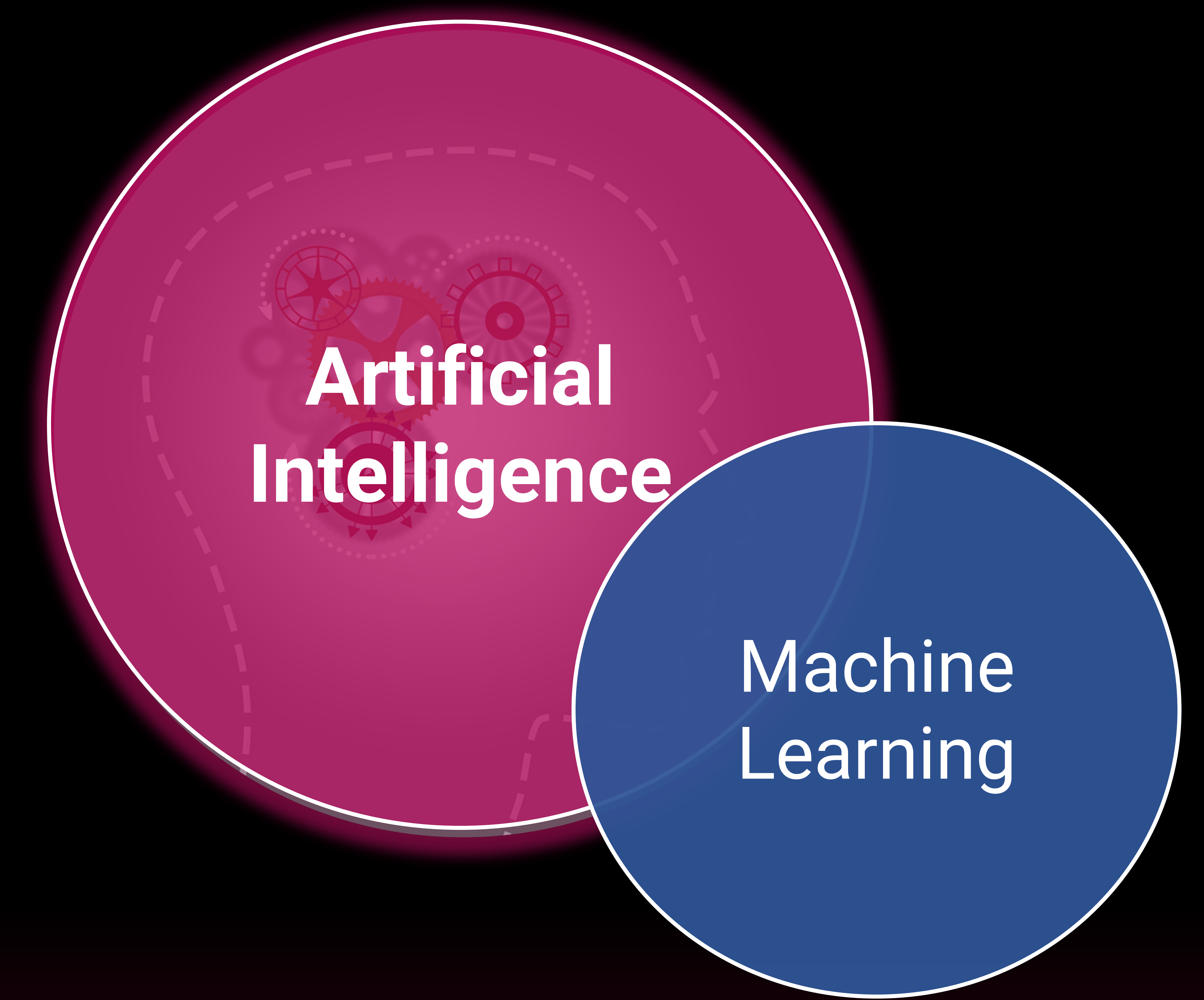
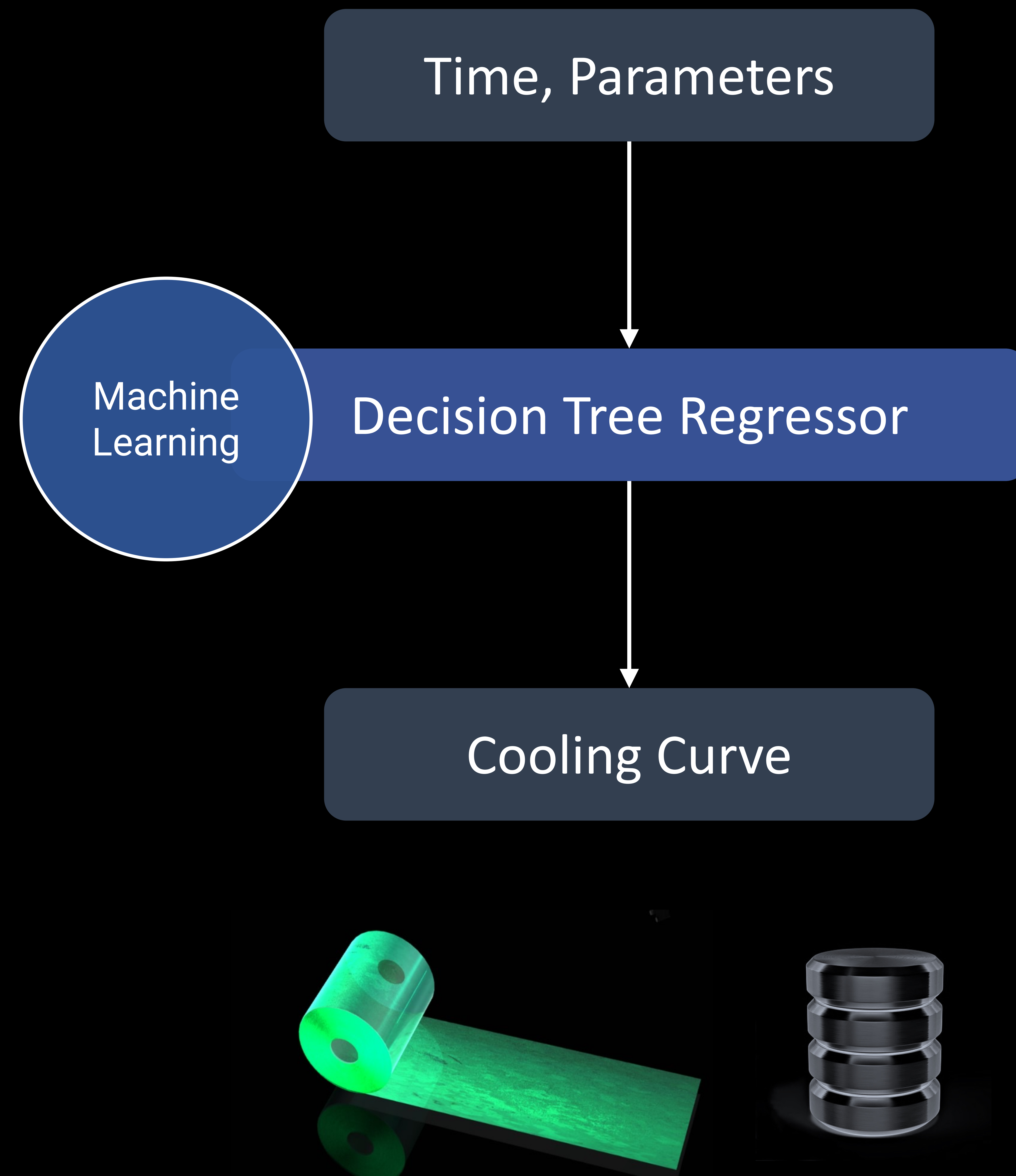
$$x = \{x\} * [x] \pm u_x; t_x; P(x, \mu, \sigma); \mathbf{SD}(x) = \text{"Temperature"}$$

Today this appears like wasting storage.

With increasing plug'n-play demand of new sensors and actuators as well, as data provenance, this solution will become more and more status-quo.



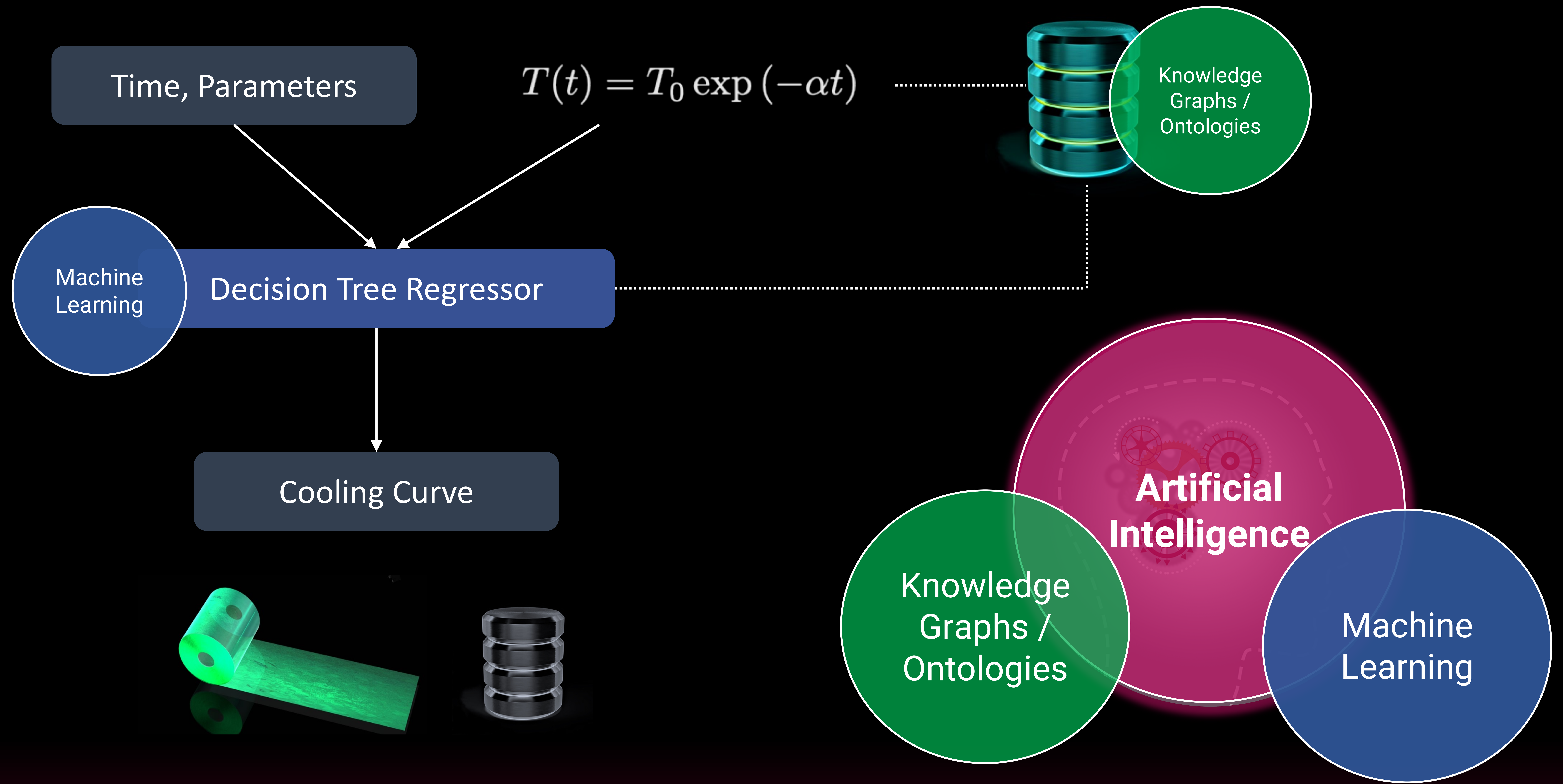




**Physics-information**

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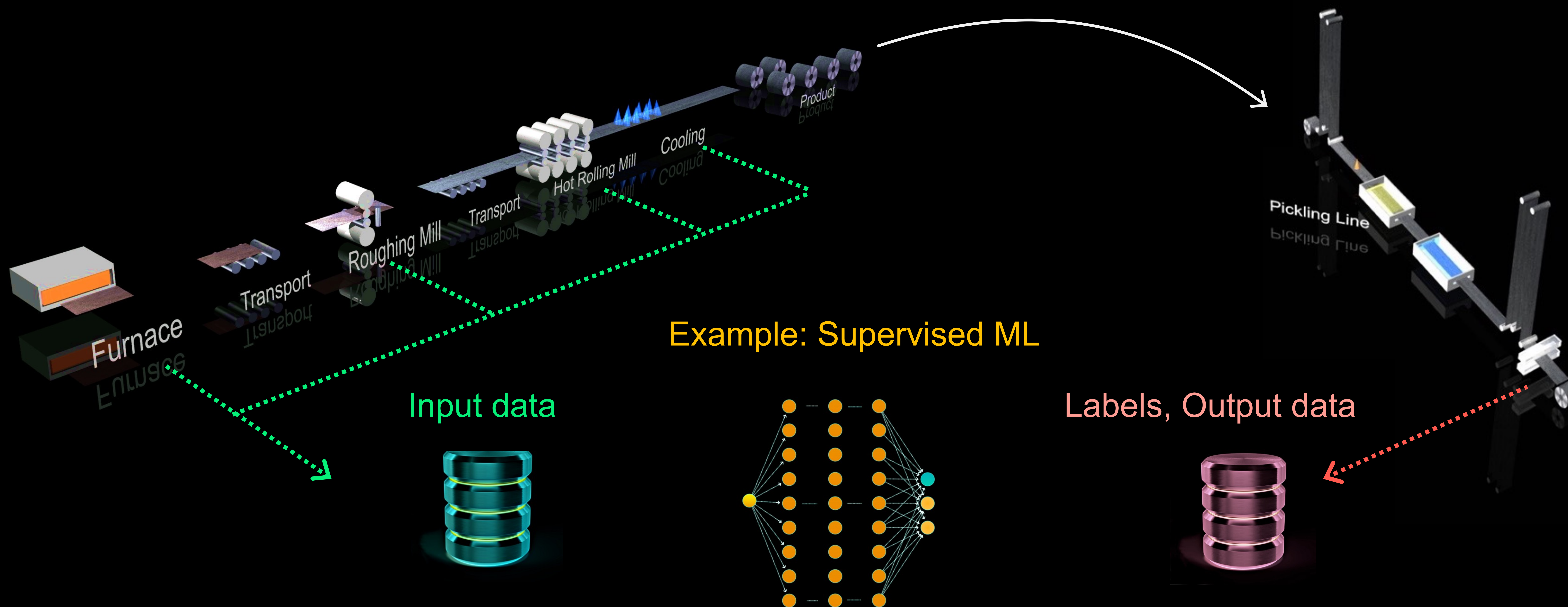




**Physics-information**

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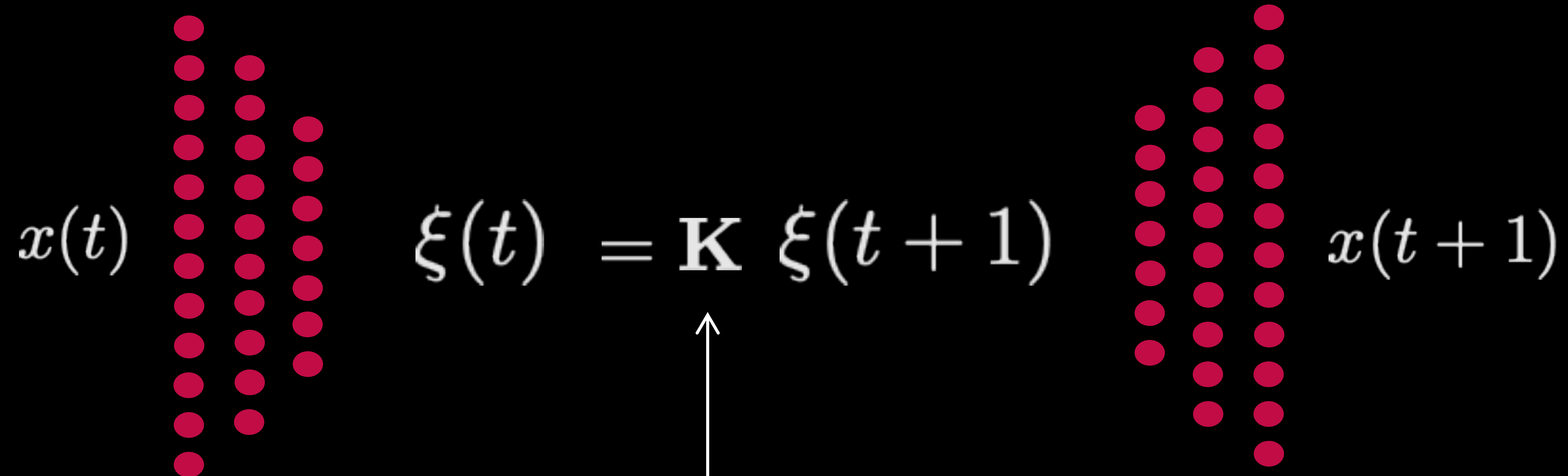


**AI Process Chain**

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Autoencoder Network



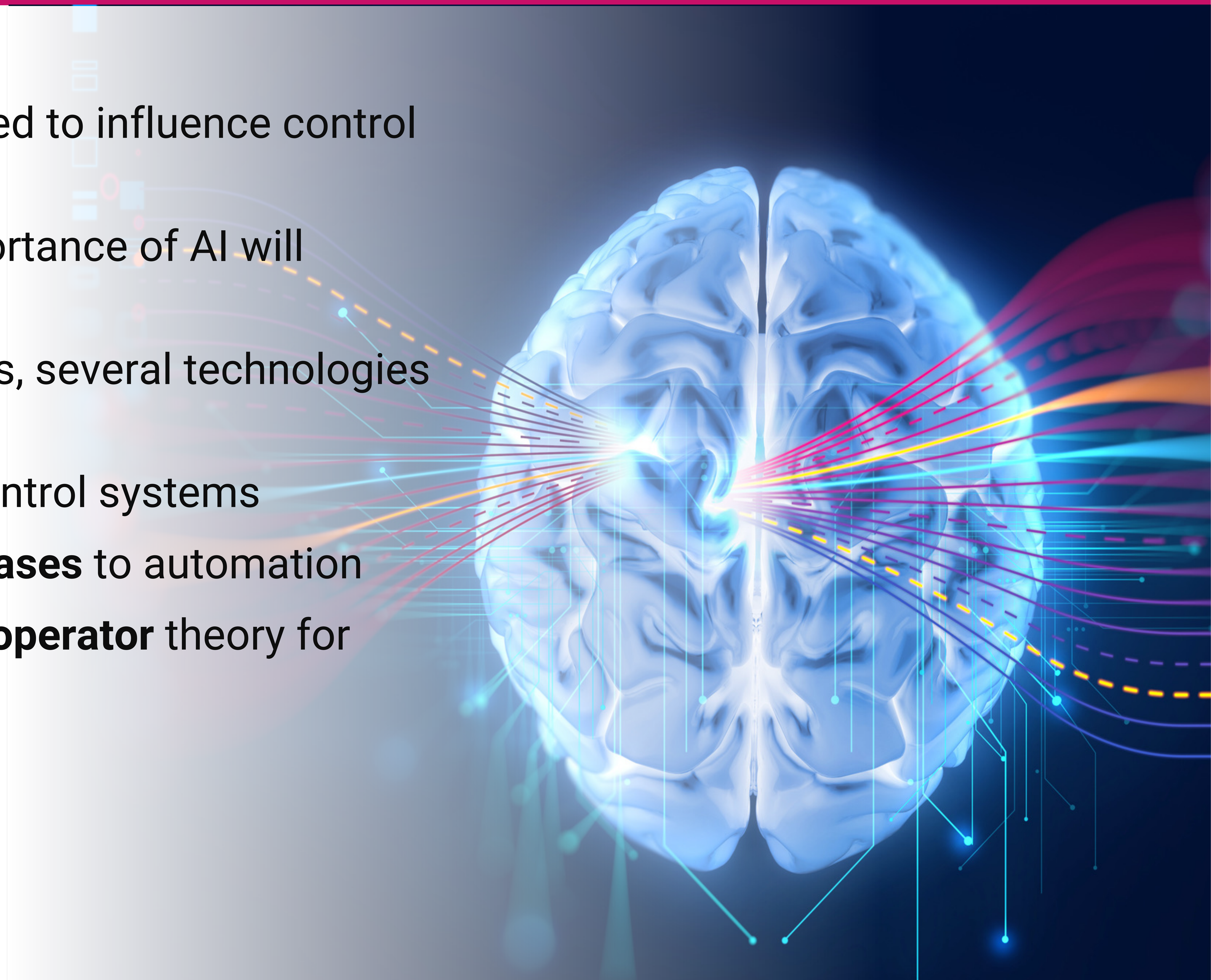
- If the **Koopman operator** can be found, the dynamics in latent space is fully linear
- The control solution then reduces to linear systems

**Koopman Space**

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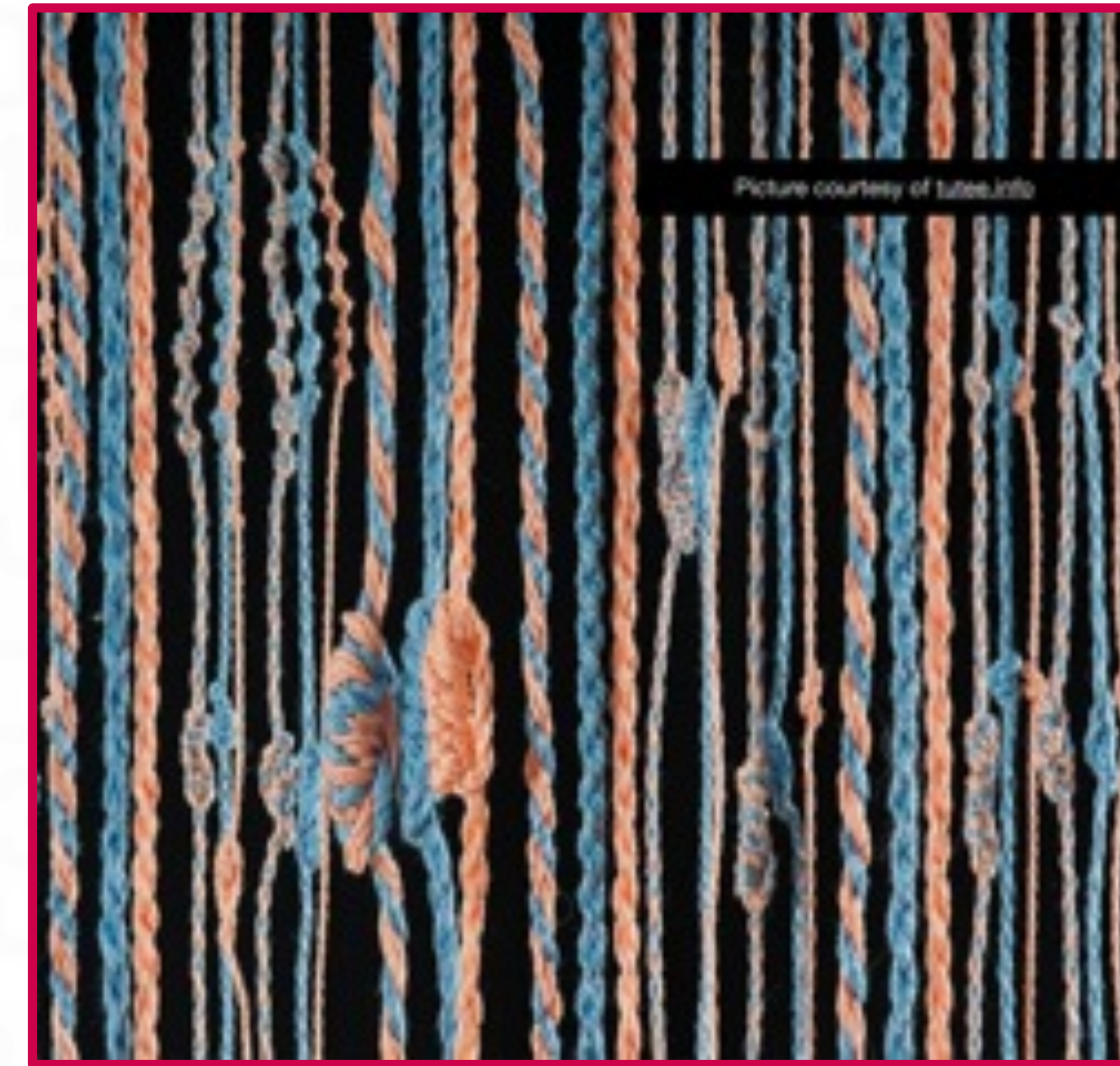


- Novel technologies can be anticipated to influence control and automation in steel industry
- Among those technologies, the importance of AI will increase further
- Following the ControlInSteel Analysis, several technologies can be identified to be missing yet:
  - Treatment of **uncertainties** in control systems
  - Connection of **knowledge databases** to automation
  - New approaches like **Koopman operator** theory for control systems





*Thank you for  
your interest!*



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